School of Law

Scheme of Studies & Brief Syllabus

BBA-LLB (Hons.) & LL.M

2021-2022





School of Law

THE NORTHCAP UNIVERSITY, GURGAON

(Established under Haryana Govt. Notification No. Leg. 33/2010-HARYANA ACT No.25 of 2010)

Introduction of School of Law Department.

The innovatively conceived 5 year integrated B.B.A.LL.B. (Honours) Degree Program of NCU Law School integrates the study of law with management in a semester mode for enhancing the employability of NCU Law Students and for a stress free legal education in an era of specialty and super specialty subjects. The School has continually strived to achieve excellence in legal education through interactive teaching-learning process, clinical opportunities, exposures to the legal profession through internships and externships, industry ready curricula and innumerable opportunities to interact with the stalwarts in the legal profession.

Each student is empowered with the knowledge, passion and drive to excel as leaders in the legal profession, judiciary, public service, non-profit & non-governmental organizations, entrepreneurship and corporate entities. Conducive environment for stress free legal education in an era of specialty and super specialty subjects Learning at NCU would stretch beyond the boundary of prescribed syllabus. NCU Law School would be a preferred destination for every "Law" aspirant and a benchmark for budding law schools of the country.

NCU Law School will be a place of continual activity, and unrelenting vitality. The array of experiences and opportunities that the Law School offers has no parallel in legal education in India. The range of academic and extracurricular activities, along with the variety of faculty and students, will make each day a potential adventure.

NCU Law School's commitment to rigorous and exciting legal training is intimately connected to the The NorthCap University's commitment to path breaking scholarship. Using a wide range of methodology. NCU Law School will provide in its classrooms and co/extra-curricular activities an extraordinary educational experience. It will inculcate all the required skills such as Good oral and written communication skills, Analytical and Reasoning Skills, Initiative, Personal Impact, Resilience, Teamwork, Legal Awareness, Planning and Organizing, through its innovative course matrixes and bringing to bear insights from numerous other academic disciplines, the faculty of NCU Law School will plumb the depths of everything.

Vision of the School of Law

The vision of School of Law is to be ranked amongst some of the best law schools in India and the most preferred private university destination for law aspirants. School of Law at The NorthCap University provides the highest quality professional law courses in Gurgaon to equip the students for a transnational practice and to face the challenges posed by the internationalization of legal profession.

- Our law school in Haryana aims to achieve excellence in legal education through interactive teaching-learning process, clinical opportunities, exposure to the legal profession through internships and externships.
- To provide industry ready curricula and innumerable opportunities to interact with the stalwarts in the legal profession. We are known as one of the best Law colleges in Delhi NCR for offering most professional legal education.
- As the best college for law in India, we groom the skills, knowledge and values of all the students to make them not only a competent legal professional but also complete human being.
- Integration of the study of Law with Management subjects not only assists in developing our law students to excel as Lawyers but also as great managers.

PROGRAMMES IN SCHOOL OF LAW

1. BBA. LLB (HONS.)

2. LL.M.

With Specialization in

- i) Corporate Law &
- ii) Human Rights Law
- iii) Intellectual Property Rights

APPENDIX-I

BBA. LL.B (HONS.) (2021-22)

Course Credit Scheme of the B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) 2020-21

SE	COURSE 1	COURSE 2	COURSE 3	COURSE 4	COURSE 5	COURSE 6	GENERAL PROFICIEN	ROFICIEN SERVICES TO	TOTAL	MOO T COU	L	т	Р	Project Work Hours	Contact Hours	Credits
м		COURSE 2	COURSES		COURSES	COURSE	ADDED COURSES		ES	RT HRS	L	т	Р		per week	
I	CLL103 Effective Comm for Law-I (3-1-0) 4	BSL101 Entrepreneur ship (3-0-0)3	BSL102 Principles of Manageme nt (2-0-2) 3	LBL111 Law of Torts (4-1-0) 4	CHL100 Environme ntal Studies (3-0-0)3	LBL112 Legal Method (4-1-0) 4	LBR101 GP-I 1 Credit	LCS101 CS I (35 Hours)	6	6	19	3	2	6	36	22
п	CLL104 Effective Comm for Law-II (3-1-0) 4	ENL102 Principles of Economics (2-0-2)3	CML101 Profession al Accounting (2-0-2)3	PCL130 Introductio n to Psychology (2-0-2)3	LBL113 Law of Contract-I (4-1-0) 4	LBL114 Law and Society (4-1-0)4	CLL120 Human Values and Professional Ethics (2-0-0)2	LCS102 CS II (35 Hours) 1 Credit	7	6	19	3	6	2	36	23+1=24
LBT1	01 Internshi	p-I (0-0-6) 3 (\		ship with NG nmunity Serv		Internship	(includes 70								3	3
ш	BSL230 Organizatio n Theory and Behaviour (2-0-2) 3	BSL203 Human Resource Management (2-0-2) 3	LBL211 Constitutio nal Law-I (4-1-0) 4	LBL212 Law of Contract - II (4-1-0) 4	LBL213 Law of Crimes - I (IPC) (4-1-0) 4	LBL214 Family Law-I (4-1-0) 4	LBR201 GP-II 1 Credit	LCS201 CS III (35 Hours)	6	6	20	4	4	2	36	23
IV	BSL205 Fundament als of Financial Manageme nt (3-1-0) 4	BSL335 Marketing of Services (2-0-2) 3	LBL215 Constitutio nal Law-II (4-1-0) 4	LBL216 Law of Crimes - II (CrPC) (4-1-0) 4	LBL217 Family Law-II (4-1-0) 4	ELECTIV E 1 (4-1-0)4		LCS202 CS IV (35 Hours) 1 Credit	6	6	21	5	2	2	36	23+1=24
	LBT20	1 Internship-II	(0-0-6) 3 (in	cludes 70 ho	urs of Comm	unity Service	2)								3	3
v	BSL207 Introductio n to Marketing	LBL311 Labour Law-I (4-1-0) 4	LBL312 Company Law (4-1-0) 4	LBL313 Law of Evidence (4-1-0) 4	Elective 2 (4-1-0) 4	LBL314 Public Internatio nal Law	LBR301 GP-III 1 Credit	LCS301 CS V (35 Hours)	6	6	22	5	2	1	36	24

	Manageme nt (2-0-2) 3					(4-1-0) 4										
VI	BSL330 Business Environme nt (2-0-2) 3	LBL315 Property Law (4-1-0) 4	LBL316 Labour Law-II (4-1-0) 4	LBL317 Environme ntal Law (4-1-0) 4	LBL318 Jurispruden ce (4-1-0) 4	Elective 3 (4-1-0) 4	Foreign Language-I (1-2-0)3 *NC	LCS302 CS VI (35 Hours) 1 Credit	7	6	23	7	2		38	26+1=27
	LBT301 Internship-III (0-0-6) 3 (includes 70 hours of Community Service)												3	3		
VII	LBL411 Intellectual Property Rights (4-1-0) 4	LBL412 Civil Procedure Code (4-1-0) 4	Honours 1/1 (4-1-0) 4	Honours 1/2 (4-1-0) 4	Elective 4 (4-1-0) 4	LBC421 Moot Court (Project) (0-0-6) 3	LBR401 GP-IV 1 Credit	LCS401 CS VII (35 Hours)	5	6	20	5	6		37	24
VII I	LBC422 ADR (4-1-0) 4	LBL413 Administrativ e Law (4-1-0) 4	Honours 1/3 (4-1-0) 4	Honours 1/4 (4-1-0) 4	Elective 5 (4-1-0) 4	LBC423 Seminar Course (Project) (0-0-6) 3	Foreign Language-II (1-2-0)3 *NC	LCS402 CS VIII (35 Hours) 1 Credit	6	6	21	7	6		40	26+1=27
	LBT40	L Internship-IV	(0-0-6) 3 (ir	ncludes 70 ho	urs of Commu	inity Service	e)								3	3
іх	LBL511 Law of Taxation (4-1-0) 4	LBC522 Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance (4-1-0) 4	Honours 2/1 (4-1-0) 4	Honours 2/2 (4-1-0) 4	Elective 6 (4-1-0) 4		LBR501 GP-V 1 Credit	LCS501 CS IX (35 Hours)	5	5	20	5	0	2	32	21
x	LBC521 Profession al Ethics (4-1-0) 4	Honours 2/3 (4-1-0) 4	Honours 2/4 (4-1-0) 4	LBT501 Moot Court and Professiona I Internship (0-0-10)5				LCS502 CS X (35 Hours) 1 Credit	3	3	12	3	0		18	12+1=13
									57	56	19 7	4 7	3 0	15	360	236+5=2 41

									Total Cours es	Moo t Cour t Hour s	L	т	Ρ	Projec t Work Hours	Conta ct Hours per week	Credits
*NC- Foreign Language Courses are Voluntary Non-Credit. Certificate of completion of foreign language course shall be provided to the students.																

CREDIT DETAILS

5 Year integrated Bachelor of Business Administration and Bachelor of Law Degree Course

A. Man	agement Courses	L-T-P	С
BSL10 2	Principles of Management	2-0-2	3
BSL10 1	Entrepreneurship	3-0-0	3
ENL1 02	Principles of Economics	2-0-2	3
CML1 01	Professional Accounting	2-0-2	3
PCL13 0	Introduction to Psychology	2-0-2	3
BSL23	Organization Theory and Behaviour	2-0-2	3

BSL20 3	Human Resource Management	2-0-2	3	
BSL20 5	Fundamentals of Financial Management	3-1-0	4	
BSL33 5	Marketing of Services	2-0-2	3	
BSL20 7	Introduction to Marketing Management	2-0-2	3	
BSL3 30	Business Environment	2-0-2	3	
B. Engli	sh Courses	L-T-F	C	
CLL10 3	Effective Communication for Law – I	3-1-0	4	
CLL10 4	Effective Communication for Law – II	3-1-0	4	

C. Compulsory Law Courses

L-T-P C

LBL111	Law of Tort	4-1-0	4
LBL112	Legal Method	4-1-0	4
LBL113	Law of Contract - I	4-1-0	4
LBL114	Law and Society	4-1-0	4
LBL211	Constitutional Law – I	4-1-0	4
LBL212	Law of Contract - II	4-1-0	4
LBL213	Law of Crimes I (IPC)	4-1-0	4
LBL214	Family Law – I	4-1-0	4
LBL215	Constitutional Law – II	4-1-0	4
LBL216	Law of Crimes II	4-1-0	4

	(CrPC)		
LBL217	Family Law – II	4-1-0	4
LBL311	Labour Law –I	4-1-0	4
LBL312	Company Law	4-1-0	4
LBL313	Law of Evidence	4-1-0	4
LBL314	Public International Law	4-1-0	4
LBL315	Property Law	4-1-0	4
LBL316	Labour Law – II	4-1-0	4
LBL317	Environmental Law	4-1-0	4
LBL318	Jurisprudence	4-1-0	4
LBL411	Intellectual Property Rights	4-1-0	4
LBL412	Code of Civil Procedure	4-1-0	4
LBL413	Administrative Law	4-1-0	4
LBL511	Law of Taxation	4-1-0	4

D. Compulsory Clinical Courses

L-T-P C

1	D. Compulsory Chinear Courses L-1-1							
	LBT101	Internship – I	0-0-6	3				
	LBT201	Internship – II	0-0-6	3				
	LBT301	Internship – III	0-0-6	3				
	LBT401	Internship – IV	0-0-6	3				
	LBT501	Internship – V	0-0-6	3				
	LBC421	Moot Court	0-0-6	3				
	LBC422	Alternative Dispute Resolution	4-1-0	4				

LBC423	Seminar Course	0-0-6	3
LBC521	Professional Ethics	4-1-0	4
	Drafting, Pleading & Conveyancing	4-1-0	4

E. Program/Specialization Electives L-T-P C

LBL16 1	Criminology	4-1-0	4
LBL16 2	Right to Information and Accountable Governance	4-1-0	4
LBL26 1	Competition Law	4-1-0	4
LBL26 2	Food Security Laws	4-1-0	4
LBL26 3	Penology & Victimology	4-1-0	4
LBL26 4	Affirmative Action and Discriminative Justice	4-1-0	4
LBL36 1	Interpretation of Statutes	4-1-0	4
LBL36 2	International Air and Space Law	4-1-0	4
LBL36 3	Corporate Governance and CSR	4-1-0	4
LBL36 4	Disaster, Development & Human Rights	4-1-0	4
LBL46 1	Insurance Law	4-1-0	4
LBL46 2	Criminal Justice Administration	4-1-0	4

LBL46 3	Media Law	4-1-0	4
LBL46 4	Health Law	4-1-0	4
LBL56 1	Clean Energy & Sustainability Laws	4-1-0	4
LBL56 2	Science, Technology and Law	4-1-0	4
LBL56 3	International Trade Law	4-1-0	4
LBL66 1	International Commercial Arbitration	4-1-0	4
LBL66 2	Election Laws	4-1-0	4

G. University-Wide Compulsory Courses L-T-P C

CHL1 00	Environmental Studies	3-0- 0	3
CLL1	Human Values and	2-0-	2
20	Professional Ethics	0	

H. Honours Courses

Honours 1: Constitutional Law L-T-P C

LBL441	Indian Federalism	4-1-0	4
LBL442	Comparative Constitution	4-1-0	4
LBL443	Gender Justice and	4-1-0	4

	Feminist Jurisprudence		
LBL444	Judicial Process and Independence of Judiciary	4-1-0	4

L-T-I Honours 1: Corporate Law

LBL445	Advanced Contract Drafting	4-1- 0	4
LBL446	Business Formation	4-1- 0	4
LBL447	Practice of Corporate Law	4-1- 0	4
LBL448	Market Regulation in India	4-1- 0	4

Honours 2: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) L-T-P

		C	
-			

LBL54 1	Patent Law	4-1- 0	4
LBL54 2	Copyright and Neighbouring Rights	4-1- 0	4
LBL54 3	Trademark and Design	4-1- 0	4
LBL54 4	Geographical Indications and other related laws	4-1- 0	4

LBL545	International Organization	4-1- 0	4
LBL546	International Humanitarian Law	4-1- 0	4
LBL547	International Environmental Law	4-1- 0	4
LBL548	Refugees, IDPs & Stateless Persons	4-1- 0	4
LBL549	Private International Law	4-1- 0	4

BRIEF SYLLABI OF VARIOUS COURSES FOR 5 YEARS B.B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) DEGREE PROGRAMME

BSL102 - Principles Of Management

3 Credits (2-0-2)

Management-Introduction. characteristics. scope, importance, Management process, Role of Managers, Evolution of Management-School of thoughts, Planning-meaning, importance, types decision making-meaning, importance, process, Organizing-Meaning, importance, nature. Staffing-Meaning. importance. process. Motivation-meaning, significance, theories, Leadership-Meaning, Leadership theories, Controlling-Meaning, Importance, Effective control system, Contemporary management strategy and MBO

ENL102- Principles Of Economics

3 Credits (2-0-2)

Consumer Choice Theory, Producer Theory, Choice under Uncertainty, General Equilibrium, Why study economics? Scope and method of economics; the economic problem: scarcity and choice; the question of what to produce, how to produce and how to distribute output; science of economics; the basic competitive model; prices, property rights and profits; incentives and information: rationing; opportunity sets: economic systems; reading and working with graphs. Supply and Demand: How Markets Work. Markets and Welfare Markets and competition; determinants of individual demand/supply; demand/supply schedule and demand/supply curve; market versus individual demand/supply; shifts in the demand/supply curve, The Households; The consumption decision - budget constraint, consumption and income/price changes, demand for all other goods and price changes; description of preferences (representing preferences with indifference curves); properties of indifference curves; consumer's optimum choice; income and substitution effects; The Firm and Perfect Market Structure Behaviour of profit maximizing firms and the production process; short run costs and

output decisions; Imperfect Market Structure. Introduction to Macroeconomics and National Income Accounting, Basic issues studied in macroeconomics; measurement of gross domestic product; income, expenditure and the circular flow; real versus nominal GDP; price indices; national income accounting for an open economy; balance of payments: current and capital accounts; Money Functions of money; quantity theory of money; determination of money supply and demand: credit creation: tools of monetary policy; Inflation and its social costs; hyperinflation; The Closed Economy in the Short Run Classical and Keynesian systems; simple Key

<u>BSL207 – Introduction To Marketing</u> <u>Management</u> 3 Credits (2-0-2)

Introduction-defining marketing for the21st century, developing marketing strategies and plans, marketing mix, capturing marketing insights through gathering information and scanning the environment and conducting marketing research and forecasting demand, connecting with customer by creating customer value, satisfaction and loyalty analyzing consumer markets, analyzing business markets, identifying market segments and targets, building strong brands, crafting brand positioning, shaping the market offerings, delivering value, communicating value, creating successful long term growth

BSL230 - Organization Theory Behaviour 3 Credits (2-0-2)

The framework of organization behaviour deal with various OB models and concepts like business communication, organization culture, motivation and reward system, leadership and empowerment, individual and interpersonal group behaviour, team-building, attitudes, values and ethics, learning, personality and perception, multi-cultural and global workforce challenges in today's environment

<u>CML101- Professional Accounting</u> 3 Credits (2-0-2)

Introduction, Nature & Scope of Financial Management. Interface of finance with other functional areas, Profit Maximization Vs Wealth Maximization. Functions of finance - Finance Decision. Investment Decision. Dividend Decision, Concept of Time Value of Money, Present value, Future value, Annuity, Perpetuity, Using financial formulae in spreadsheets, Risk & Return, Return - Historical return, expected return, arithmetic & geometric return, Risk -Systematic & unsystematic risk, Measures of total risk- standard deviation, coefficient of variation, Long -term investment decisions, Capital Budgeting -Introduction, nature and importance, Process of capital budgeting, Estimation of relevant cash flows and terminal value, Evaluation techniques - Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return, Net Terminal Value, Profitably Index Method, Capital Structure, Concept of capital structure, Factors affecting capital structure, Concept of cost of capital. Implicit and explicit cost of capital, Measurement of cost of capital, Cost of Debt, Equity, Preference and Retained Earning, Computation of over-all cost of capital based on Historical and Market weights, Capital Meaning, Features, Factors for Structure. consideration, Approaches to Capital Structure NI approach, NOI approach, Theories: Modigliani-Miller (MM) approach, Traditional approach, Dividend Policy Decision, Dividend and valuation of the firm, General, MM hypothesis, Walter's model, Gordon's model; Leverage Analysis, Operating and Financial Leverage, Combined leverage, Working Capital Management, Fundamentals, Nature of working capital, Cash Management, Motives of holding cash, Preparation of Cash Budgets (Receipts and Payment Method only), Cash management technique, Receivables Management, Inventory Management, Determination of Working Capital, Working capital financing- Trade credit, bank credit, commercial papers, factoring.

<u>BSL203 – Human Resource Management</u> 3 Credits (2-0-2)

With the changing role of human resource management, the subject deals with HR as a strategic business partner in Talent acquisition and retention, Training and Organization Development, Performance Management, Compensation and Benefits administration, Rewards and Recognition, Employee relation, Employee safety and health, Challenges in dealing with globalization and diversified workforce, labour legislations and labour relations with relevant case studies.

BSL 205- Fundamentals of Financial Management

4 Credits (3-1-0)

Financial management brings to focus meaning and scope of accounting, Accounting principles and standards, systems of book keeping like Balance Sheet and Profit and loss statement, Ratio Analysis, Working Capital Management, Cost Classifications, Cost of Capital, Capital Budgeting and Dividend policy, Inventory valuation and Shares and Debentures.

BSL335- Marketing Of Services

3 Credits (2-0-2)

Introduction to Services- What are services, Why service marketing, Difference in goods and service in marketing, Myths about services, Concept of service marketing triangle. Service marketing mix, GAP models of service quality, Consumer Behavior in Services, Consumer behavior in services: Search, Experience and Credence property, Customer expectation of services, Service Development- Service design and positioning - New service development types, stages. Service blue printing- Using & reading blue prints, Service People- Employee role in service designing: Importance of service employee, Boundary spanning roles, Emotional labor, Customers role in service delivery-Importance of customer & customers role in service delivery, Strategies for enhancing-Customer participation, Delivery through intermediaries- Key intermediaries for service delivery, Intermediary control strategies, Types of service scape, Role of service scape, Frame work for understand service scape & its effect on behavior, Guidance for physical evidence strategies

BSL101: Entrepreneurship

3 Credits (3-0-0)

Introduction to entrepreneurship-developing successful business ideas, recognizing opportunities and generating ideas feasibility analysis, industry and competitor analysis, developing an effective business model, moving from idea to an entrepreneurial firm building, new venture team, assessing a new venture's financial strength and viability, preparing proper ethical and legal foundation, writing a business plan, getting financing, managing and growing an entrepreneurial firm

BSL330- Business Environment 3 Credits (2-0-2)

A glimpse of the business environment will take us through the nature of business and its environment. environmental analysis and forecasting, the economic, political, social, legal, technological and the global environment in detail and its impact on business decisions. In depth it deals with the economic policies of the government, macro-economic factors, regional trade blocks, concepts of FDI, globalization, MNC, monetary and fiscal policy, financial market structures, Stock exchange and its regulations, Business ethics and social responsibility, political institutions, The constitution of India, Indian Company Law, Patents and Trademarks, Labour legislations, Regulation of trade practices and foreign exchange with relevant case studies.

<u>CLL103 -Effective Communication For Law -</u> <u>I</u>

4 Credits (3-1-0)

Grammar and Usage – Comprehension and Composition – Comprehension of Legal texts – Drafting of Reports and Projects – Legal Language – Legal Terms and Maxims – General guidelines relating to legal writing – Writing a Case Comment – Etiquettes and Manners for Law Professionals – Semantics; Morphology; Phonetics; Forensic linguistics.

<u>CLL104 – Effective Communication For Law</u> <u>- II</u>

4 Credits (3-1-0)

Legal Professional Communication Skills -Verbal. paralinguistic non-verbal and Written vs. Oral communication Communication - Barriers to communication and how to avoid them - Characteristics of the Language of the Law - Group Discussion - How to face an interview - Presentation techniques -Meetings: purpose; procedure; chairmanship; participation; physical arrangement - Hearing and Listening - Communication skills for advocacy - Literary Readings - Conversation Practice - Pronunciation; punctuation; correct usage and common errors; vocabulary; spelling rules; idioms.

LBL113 - Law Of Contracts - I

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Historical development of law Contract, Formation of Contract, Offer and acceptance, various mercantile and trade practices in offer and acceptances, various rules of offer and acceptance, Agreement and Contract, void, voidable and valid agreements, standard form contract and electronic contract, Competence to enter into contract, conditional and Contingent contract, Quasi Contract, Theory of Unjust of "implied-in-fact" Enrichment-Theory Contract, kinds of government contracts, performance of contracts- settlement of disputes and remedies, part performance of contracts, Supervening and Subsequent impossibility of performance of contracts, Termination of contract by breach, Remedies in case of breach, Specific performance of contract

<u>LBL212 – Law Of Contracts - II</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Bailment, Pledge, Hypothecation, Lease in lease finance, General and Particular Lien, Assignment - conditionalities, character of the Agreement, Interpretations, other component of drafting, rights and obligations of the parties, Indemnity & Guarantee, liability of Surety and Sureties, General principles of Law of Agency, Rights and obligations of the Agent and the Principal,): Public and Government Contract, Cyber Contract, role of various linking process in Cyber contract, UNCITRAL Model Law in comparison with Indian Law, Sale and Hire Purchase Agreements, Carriage and Transport Contract, Warehouse Agreement, Wholesale and Retail Trade Agreements, Partnership Agreement, Negotiable Instruments.

LBL111 - Law Of Tort 4Credits (4-1-0)

Definition and Nature of the Law of Tort, history of the law of torts, Difference between Tort & Crime, Tort & Contract, and Basis of the tortuous liability, Principle of Vicarious Liability, Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity, Joint Tort Feasors, Joint and several liabilities in payment of damages, Negligence as a tort and its various dimensions, Contributory Negligence and Nuisance, General Defenses for the Tortuous Liability, Torts Against Human Being (Assault, Battery, Emotional Distress, Malicious Prosecution and abuse of legal proceedings, Conspiracy, False Imprisonment), Trespass to land & trespass to goods, No fault Liability, Strict Liability and Absolute Liability, Various principles for fixing the liability, Cyber Tort, Statutory Tort, Product Liability and Protection of Consumers' Interest.

<u>LBL211 - Constitutional Law – I</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with the Basic Postulates of the Constitution and to give them a picture of Constitutional Parameters regarding the rights and duties accorded to the citizens of India and the corresponding responsibilities of the Government to ensure social welfare. New dimensions of the fundamental rights, their emergence and relevance with the directive principles has been discussed. A citizen's accessibility to justice through their power of filing a writ for the violation of a fundamental right is focused upon with the enhancing diameter of judicial approach towards their basic duty. A critical analysis of the significant judicial decisions is offered to highlight judicial restraint, judicial passivity, judicial activism and judicial balancing.

<u>LBL215 - Constitutional Law - II</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Nature of Federalism in India. Forms of Government: Presidential vis-à-vis Parliamentary form of governance, Division of power: Between Center, State and Local bodies; Between Legislature, Executive and Judiciary; Principles that developed in division of power and check and balances; Sharing of powers; Judicial review, Election of President and Vice President, term of office, qualification and eligibility, Impeachment, Oath of office Constitutional provision on formation of Council of Ministers - advisory function, Collective responsibility - Confidentiality of Cabinet Decisions - Other provisions - Duties of PM, Composition of the House of States and House of the People, Duration, Oualification and disqualification of members, Office of Profit Nature of Indian Judicial System with its distinctive feature, Supreme Court of India, its various powers, Judicial Appointment,, Special Leave appeals, Officers of SCI., Governor of a Qualification, Appointment, state. term.

Executive & legislative power and function; Council of Ministers Judicial system in the States, Appointment and conditions of office, Various Powers, Establishment of Common High Court, Constitution of Bench, Transfer of a judge, Emergency power Election Commission, Finance Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General, Attorney General of India, Public Service Commission, National Commission for SC and ST, Inter-state River Dispute Resolution Tribunals, Central and State Service Tribunals.

LBL213 -Law Of Crimes -I (IPC) 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Historical Development of Penal Law in India, Aims and Functions of the Criminal law, Essentials of offences, Stages of an offence: Intention, Preparation, Attempt Commission of offence, Principles of Penal Law, MENS REA AND Actus Reus, Inchoate offences, Jurisdiction of Indian Penal Code, Necessity and objectives of punishment, Different theories of punishment, Modern theory of punishment, General Exceptions to Crimes under Indian Penal code, Right of Private Defence, Offences affecting Human body: Culpable Homicide. Murder, Causing death by negligence, Abetment of suicide, Offences against women, Offences against marriage, Offences against reputation, and Criminal Intimidation, Insult and Annoyance, Offences against property, Offences affecting the public Health, Safety, Convenience, Decency and Morals, Offences against State, Public Peace and Tranquility, Offences Relating to Public Servants, their Authority, False **Evidence and Public Justice**

LBL216 - Law Of Crimes (CrPC) 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concept and types of criminal justice system, the functionaries under the Code: their duties. functions and powers: Provision for Investigation: Arrest, Search and Seizure, Processes to Compel Appearance and Production of things, Summons procedure, Search Warrants, General provisions as to search and seizure, Appeals, Reference and Revisions, Complaints to Magistrates, Commencement of proceedings before Magistrates, Trials and Execution Proceedings, Appeals, Reference and Revisions, Maintenance of wives, children and parents, Transfer of criminal cases, Irregular proceedings, Limitations for taking cognizance, Compounding of Offences and Plea-bargaining, Security for

peace and good behavior, Transfer of cases, Maintenance of Public order and Tranquility, Probation of Offenders Act, 1958, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000.

LBL214 - Family Law - I 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Sources of Law: Statute, Custom & Usage, Religious Text and Interpretations, Marriage As an institution – defined in various religious forms and types, can marriage be a religious part of civil life -Various forms and requirements of a valid marriage on a comparative analysis Void, voidable and valid marriage in different religious texts and Statutes Inter-community and interreligious marriage, Restitution of conjugal right & Judicial separation, various grounds, nullity of marriage with grounds and procedure to obtain nullity, Divorce - grounds, by mutual consent restriction on petition - remarriage - Court's jurisdiction and procedure for the issue raised on marriage and divorce - in camera proceedings -Decree and implementation - Hindu, Christian, Muslim, Parsi, Communities and under special marriage Act. Maintenance during pendency of the suit, maintenance after the dissolution of marriage and conditions, maintenance under Criminal Procedure Code - permanent alimony -Maintenance under Adoption and Maintenance Act, requisite of valid adoption, adoption in different religious groups, Law on Minority and Guardianship Structure of Family court. procedure to be adopted, jurisdiction.

LBL217 -Family Law II 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Joint Hindu Family, Coparcenary, Dayabhaga & Mitakshara succession, Karta - power & function, Principle of Survivorship and Succession, General Principles of Succession under Hindu Law, Islamic Law, Christian Law, Parsi Law, Statutory conditions of disinheritance and disentitlement; Dwelling house Partition, Women's Property, Comparative analysis of right to property of women under different Religious and Statutory Law, Power of testamentary succession under various religious and statutory Law under Hindu, Islamic, Christian and Parsi Law. Will and Administration of will - Probate, Codicil, execution of privileged and unprivileged Will, attestation, alteration and revival of Will, Right of Pre-emption Gift under Islamic Law, Wakf,

Power of Mutawali; Muslim Religious Institutions and Offices, Hindu Religious Endowment.

<u>LBL314 - Public International Law</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Sources and scope, History, Conflicts between public international law and national sovereignty, Interpretation, State Responsibility, International organizations, league of Nations, UN and regional bodies. Enforcement: by states and by international bodies, International legal theory: Natural law, Grotian school, and Legal positivism, Branches of public international law: Consular law, Diplomatic law, International aviation law. International criminal law. International environmental law. International human rights law, International humanitarian law, International space law, International trade law, Law of state responsibility, Use of force; Introduction to certain contemporary issues: Comparative Corporate Capitalism, European Union Law, Foreign Affairs and the Constitution, Terrorism: Law and Theoretical and Comparative Perspectives, Law, Economics and Politics of International Trade, Transitional Justice

LBL317 - Environmental Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concept of environment and Pollution, Environment; Meaning and contents, Pollution -Meaning, Kinds of pollution, Effects of pollution, legal control: historical perspectives, Constitutional Perspectives Constitution making - development and property oriented approach, principles, Status, role Directive and interrelationship with fundamental rights and Fundamental duties. Duty, fundamental Fundamental Rights- ; Rights to clean and healthy environment, Right to education, Right to information, Environment v. development, Enforcing agencies and remedies, Courts.: Tribunal, Constitutional, statutory and judicial remedies, Emerging principles, Polluter pays: public liability insurance, Precautionary Public trust doctrine, Sustainable principle. development, Water and Air Pollution, Meaning and standards, Culprits and victims, Offences and penalties, Judicial approach, Noise Pollution, Legal control, Court's of balancing : permissible and impermissible noise. Environment Protection agencies: power and Protection, functions, Protection : means and sanctions,

Emerging protection through delegated legislation, Hazardous waste, . Bio-medical waste, Genetic engineering, Disaster emergency preparedness, Environment impact assessment, Coastal zone management, Environmental audit and eco mark, Judiciary: complex problems in administration of environmental justice, Town and country planning, Law: enforcement and constrain, Planning - management policies, Stockholm conference, Greenhouse effect and ozone depletion. Rio conference, Bio-diversity, Wetlands.

<u>LBL311 - Labour Law I</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Historical perspectives on Labour, labour through the ages - slave labour - guild system division on caste basis -labour during feudal days, Colonial labour law and policy, Labour capital conflicts: exploitation of labour, profit motive, poor bargaining power, poor working conditions, unorganised labour, bonded labour, surplus labour, division of labour and superspecialisation - lack of alternative employment, Theories of labour and surplus value' From laissez faire to welfarism and to globalisation: transition from exploitation to protection and from contract to status : changing perspectives on labour, Trade unionism, Labour movement as a counter measure to exploitation - history of trade union movement in India, Right to trade union as part of human right to freedom of association Collective bargaining - The concept, International norms - conditions precedent merits and demerits, Techniques of pressurization : strike and lockout, go-slow, work to rule, gherao, bundh, State prescription of machinery: reference for adjudication, the adjudicatory mechanisms, Unfair labour practices, Discipline in industry, Doctrine of hire and fire - history of management's prerogative., Fairness in disciplinary process, Punishment for misconduct - meaning of misconduct, The right to know : the charge sheet, The right to defend : domestic enquiry, notice, evidence, crossexamination, representation, unbiased inquiry officer and reasoned decision, Prenatal (permission) and postnatal (approval) control during pendency of proceedings, Role of management and labour, Remuneration for Labour.

LBL315- Property Law 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concept of Property, Ownership and Possession, Meaning of Property under the Transfer of Property Act, Kinds of Property - Jura in re propria - Jura in re aliena - Movable, Immovable, Intangible; Theories of Property -Economic and social theories - doctrine of Eminent Domain ; Right to property under the Constitution of India. General Principles of Transfer of Property Rule against perpetuity; Conditional and Contingent Transfer by nonowners and Co-owners; Transfer under lis pendens; Fraudulent Transfer; Principle of Part Performance, Sale- definition, Agreement to Sale - Rights and Liabilities of the Buyer and the seller; Marshalling by subsequent purchaser; Discharge of encumbrances; Exchange definition and mode; Exchange vis-a-vis Sale, Rights and liabilities of the parties; Gift definition and mode of transfer, suspension and revocation, Onerous gift, universal donee; Transfer of Actionable Claims, Mortgage meaning and purpose Rights and obligations of the mortgagor and mortgagee; Foreclosure, Deemed Foreclosure, Power of Sale, Priority determination; Marshalling right and Contribution, Redemption; Subrogation, Charge - Fixed and Floating charge; rights and obligations of the parties, Lease. Registration of Transfer Documents Lien. Easement & Prescription.

LBL312 – Company Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Meaning of Corporation, Theories of corporate personality. Creation and extinction of Forms of Corporate and Noncorporations, Organizations, Corporate Corporations, partnerships and other associations of persons, state corporations, government companies, small scale, co-operative, corporate and joint sectors, Law relating to companies - public and private -Companies Act, 1956, Need of company for development formation a company of registration and corporation, Memorandum of association - various clauses - alteration therein doctrine of ultra vires, Articles of association binding force - alteration - its relation with memorandum of association - doctrine of constructive notice and indoor management exception, Prospectus - issue - contents - liability for misstatements - statement in lieu of

Promoters - position - duties and prospectus. liabilities, shares - general principles of allotment statutory restrictions - share certificate its objects and effects - transfer of shares - restrictions on transfer - procedure for transfer - refusal of transfer- role of public finance institutions relationship between transferor and transferee issue of shares at premium and discount depository receipts dematerialized _ shares(DEMAT), Shareholder - who can be and who cannot be a shareholder - modes of becoming a shareholder - calls on shares forfeiture and surrender of shares - lien on shares. Share capital - kinds - alteration and reduction of share capital - further issue of capital conversion of loans and debentures into capital duties of courts to protect the interests of creditors and share holders, Directors - position - appointment - qualifications - vacation of office - removal - resignation - powers and duties of meeting, registers. directors loans remuneration of directors - role of nominee directors - compensation for loss of office managing directors - compensation for loss of office - managing directors and other managerial personnel. Meetings - kinds - procedure - voting. Dividends - payment - capitalization - profit, Audit and accounts, Borrowing powers - powers - effect of unauthorized borrowing - charges and mortgages - loans to other companies investments contracts companies, by Debentures - meaning - fixed and floating charge - kinds of debentures – shareholder and debenture holder - remedies of debenture holders, Protection of minority rights, Protection of oppression and mismanagement - who can apply? - Powers of the company, court and of the central government Investigation - powers and functions.

LBL316 - Labour Law - II

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Theories of wages : marginal productivity, subsistence, wages fund, supply, Concepts of wages (minimum wages, fair wages, living wages, need-based minimum, Components of wages : dearness allowance, principle of fixation, Disparity in wages in different sectors - need for nationalization and national approach, Wage determining process - modes and modalities, Unilateral fixation by employer, **Bilateral** fixation, Conciliation, arbitration and adjudication, Wage Board and Pay Commission, Principles of wage fixation, concept of bonus -

computation of bonus, Protection of wages : nonpavment. delayed payment, unauthorized deductions - remedial measures, Health and Safety, Obligations for health and safety of workmen - legislative controls : factory, mines and plantations. Employer's liability: Workmen's Employee's State Insurance, compensation, Liability for hazardous and inherently dangerous industries - environmental protection, Labour Welfare, Welfare provided by the employers and through bipartite agreements and by statutory prescription, Provident fund and family pension, Insurance, Inter-state migrant Gratuity, workmen - regulation of employment and conditions of service, Employment of young persons : prohibition of employment of children, regulation of employment of young persons, Woman and labour force, Equal remuneration law, maternity benefits, protective provisions for women under factories, plantations and mines laws. Protection of the weaker sectors of labour. Tribal labour : need for regulation, Unorganized labour like domestic servants : problems and perspectives, Bonded labour : socio-economic programmes for rehabilitation, Contract labour regulation, Daily wage workers.

LBL313 - Law Of Evidence

4 Credits (4-1-0)

The main features of the Indian Evidence Act 1861, Other acts which deal with evidence (special reference to CPC, CrPC), Administrative Tribunals, Industrial Tribunals, Commissions of Enquiry, Court-martial, Disciplinary authorities in educational institutions, Evidence : oral and documentary, Circumstantial evidence and direct evidence, Presumption "Proving", "not proving" and "disproving", Witness, Appreciation of evidence, The Doctrine of res gestae, Evidence of common intention, The problems of relevancy of "Otherwise" irrelevant facts, Relevant facts for proof of custom, Admissions and confessions, General principles concerning admission. Differences between "admission" and "confession", The problems of non-admissibility of confessions caused by "any inducement, threat or promise, Inadmissibility of confession made before a police, admissibility of custodial confessions, Admissibility of "information" received from accused person in custody; with special reference to the problem of discovery based on "joint statement" ,Confession by coaccused, Dying Declarations, "Fraud" and "Collusion", Expert Testimony Who is an

expert? : types of expert evidence , Oral and Documentary Evidence, General principles concerning oral evidence, Issue estoppel, Tenancy estoppel ,Witnesses, Examination and Cross Examination, Competency to testify State privilege, General principles of examination and cross examination, Leading questions, Hostile witness, Estoppel, res judicata , presumption Equitable and promissory estoppel, Questions of corroboration.

LBL318- Jurisprudence

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Definition, nature and scope of jurisprudence, Natural Law- Its development and relevance in modern times, Analytical School, (i) Austin's Theory of Law, (ii) Kelsen's Pure Theory of Law, (iii) Hart's Concept of Law; Historical School, Realist School, Sociological School, Administration of Justice, Socio-economic approach and philosophy, Law and Social Change, Legal Aid, Public Interest Litigation (PIL), Sources and Elements of Law, Sources of Law: Custom, Precedent and Legislation, Rights & Duties, Possession and Ownership, Persons.

LBL411- Intellectual Property Rights 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction to Intellectual Property, Concept of Intellectual Property, Kinds of Intellectual Property, Economic importance of Intellectual Philosophical Property, Justification of Intellectual Property Western Theories on Private and IP, Locke's Labour Theory of Property, Hegel's Personality Theory of Property, Marxian Theory on Private Property and IP, Indian Theory Private on Property, Constitutional Aspects of Property, Constitutional Protection of Property and IP, International Scenario, Introduction to the leading international instruments concerning intellectual the property rights: Berne Convention, Universal Copyright Convention, the Paris Convention, TRIPS, the World Intellectual Property Rights Organization (WIPO) and the UNESCO, Economic **Development and IPR Protection**

<u>LBL412 - Civil Procedure Code</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concepts: Affidavit, order, judgment, decree, plaint, restitution, execution, decree-holder, judgment-debtor, mesne profits, written statement, Distinction between decree and judgment and between decree and order, Jurisdiction - Kinds, Hierarchy of courts, Suit of civil nature - scope and limits, Res-subjudice and Resjudicata, Foreign judgment - enforcement, Place of suing, Institution of suit, Parties to suit: joinder, mis-joinder or non-joinder of parties: representative suit, Alternative disputes resolution (ADR), Pleadings - Rules of pleading, signing and verification, Alternative pleadings, Construction of pleadings, Plaint : particulars, Admission, return and rejection Written statement: particulars, rules of evidence, Set off and counter claim : distinction Discovery, inspection and production of documents, Interrogatories, Privileged documents, Affidavits, Appearance, examination and trial, Ex-parte procedure, summary and attendance of witnesses, Trial, Adjournments, Interim orders: commission, arrest or attachment before judgment, injunction and appointment of receiver, Interests and costs, General principles; Power for execution of decrees. Procedure for execution. Enforcement, arrest and detection. Appeals, Transfer of cases', Inherent powers of courts, Law reform: Law Commission on Civil Procedure.

LBL413 - Administrative Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Evolution and Scope of Administrative Law: Nature. Scope Development and of Administrative Law. Rule of law and Administrative Law, Separation of powers and relevance, Relationship its between Constitutional law and Administrative Law, Administrative Law vis-à-vis privatization, Classification functions of of Administration, Need for devolution of adjudicatory authority on administration, Administrative Tribunals- Constitution, powers, procedures, rules of evidence, Principles of Natural Justice - Rule against bias, Audi Alteram, Essentials of hearing process, Cross examination, Legal representation - right to counsel, Pre and post - decisional hearing, Reasoned decisions, Exceptions to Principle of Natural Justice, Effect of failure - Rules of evidence - no evidence, some evidence and substantial evidence, Institutional Decisions, Administrative Discretion and Judicial Control of Administrative Action Doctrine of legitimate expectations, Doctrine of Proportionality, Public Accountability, Judicial Control of Administrative Action: Introduction, Court as the

final authority to determine the legality of administrative action, Exhaustion of Administrative remedies, Locus standi, Res judicata, Judicial review and its extent, Statutory appeals, Writs – Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and Quo warranto, Declaratory judgments and injunctions, Civil Suits for Compensation : Concept and need, Lokpal and Lokayukta.

LBL511- Law Of Taxation

4 Credits (4-1-0)

History of tax law in India - Fundamental principles relating to tax laws - Governmental financial policy, tax structure and their role in the national economy - Concept of tax - Nature and characteristics of taxes - Distinction between Tax and Fee - Tax and Cess - Direct and indirect taxes - Tax evasion and tax avoidance - Scope of taxing powers of Parliament, state Legislature and local bodies - Income Tax - Basic Concepts: Income -Total income - Income not included in total income - Deemed income - Clubbing of income – Assessee – Person -Tax Planning -Chargeable income - Heads of income - Salaries - Income from house property - Income from business or profession - Capital gains - Income from other sources - Deductions, relief and exemptions - Rate of income tax - Income Tax Authorities: Power and functions - Offences and penal sanctions: Settlement of grievances: Authorities, powers and functions - Wealth Tax -Taxable wealth, determination of value of assets, exemptions and rate of wealth tax - Wealth tax authorities - Offences and penalties - Central Sales Tax and or State Sales Tax - . Meaning of sale - Sale in the course of inter-state trade and commerce - Sale to take place outside a state -Sale in the course of export or import - Charge of tax Exemption and rebate - Sales tax authorities -Offences and penalties - Service Tax - Taxable service - Meaning and importance of service tax - Constitutional perspective - Salient provisions of the service tax law - Valuation of taxable service Offences and penalties.

LBC421 - MOOT COURT

3 Credits (0-0-6)

Moot Court, Observance of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal, Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations and Internship diary and Viva Voce examination on all the above three aspects.

LBC422 - Alternative Dispute Resolution 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Negotiation skills with simulated program, Conciliation skills, Arbitration Law and Practice including International arbitration and Arbitration rules, case studies.

LBC521 – Professional Ethics

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations. This course will be taught in association with practicing lawyers on the basis of the following materials which include Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer's book on "Advocacy", The Contempt Law and Practice, The Bar Council Code of Ethics, Selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils and certain major judgments of the Supreme Court on the subject.

LBC522- Drafting - Pleading & Conveyancing 4 Credits (4-1-0)

(a) Drafting: -General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules shall be taught (b) Pleadings: - Civil: Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India. Criminal: Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision. Conveyance: Sale Deed, Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed, Gift Deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed. Drafting of writ petition and PIL petition.

LBL112 – LEGAL METHOD 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concept of Law: Legal Method and Introduction to Legal System, Law object and concerns, what is Law? A discussion from different perspectives, Definition of Law, Nature and function of Law-Farer and Dugdale, Hart's Concept of Law and the Indian Constitution, Sources of Law: Custom as a source of law in India, Statutes and Methods of Interpretation: What Statue law is? Structure of legislation, Rules of Interpretation, Judgment analysis and Precedent: Case Law in the study of Legal Method, Studying Law under the case method, what is precedent? Determining the Ratio-decidendi of a case: Understanding Law Reports, Judicial Activism, Locus- Standi, Judicial Review of India, Legal Systems: The Court Structure of England and Wales, History of Common Law, Legal System in the USA, Legal System in France, Canadian Legal System, Australian Legal / Judicial System, Indian Legal System: Judicial System, Hierarchy of Courts, Indian Court Structure, Legal Research

LBL114- Law and Society

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Contemporary Problems of Indian Society, Social Inequalities in India, Protection of the rights of vulnerable groups of society: Senior Citizens; differently abled; scheduled castes, scheduled tribes and other backward classes; Gender Justice in India. Gender Discrimination: Fundamental Rights, Sexual harassment at workplace, Indecent representation of women, Dowry Prohibition in India; Domestic violence in India; Human Trafficking in India, Beggars: status and implications, Immoral trafficking, Prostitution, Female Foeticide, Human and Organ Trafficking in India, Child Laws, Child Abuse: Psychological Impact, Problem of Child labour, Child and Education, Child marriage (Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006). Juvenile Justice in India: Contemporary Issues

LBL161 - Criminology

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Crime Data and Crime Measurement, Rational Choice Theory, Anthropological Theory- Mental Deficiency and Crime, Psychological Criminology, Biology and Crime- Moral Psychopathy, Development and Crime, Antisocial Personality Disorder- Poverty and Crime, Social Disorganization Theory- Strain Theory, Learning Theory, Control Theory-Labeling Theory, Conflict Theory, Feminist Theory- Patterns and Trends in Violent Crime, Property Crime Investigation, White Collar Crime Profiles-Theories of Terrorism, Organized Crime Investigation, Crimes against Public Order, Sex Offenders and Rehabilitation

LBL162- Right to Information & Accountable Governance

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Access to information- Extent of legal illiteracy, Need to spread knowledge of laws, Citizens Charter, Accountability Commissions, The Lokpal and Lokayukta Act, 2013, Concept of Lokayukta and Lokpal, Concept of Good

Governance, Concept of Ombudsman, Gram Sabha and Accountability, Right to information -Fundamental Right? Official Secrets Act, Government Privilege to withhold Disclosure of Documents, Public Inquiries: Commissions of Inquiry appointed by NGOs, Transparency and Right to Information, Problems of legal accountability, Evolution of Right to Information in India, RTI and good governance, Salient features of Right to Information Act, Public Authorities and their Obligations under the Act, Accepting an Information Request, Processing and Disposing, Exemptions from Disclosure of Information, Partial Disclosure and "Third Party" Information, Role of Civil Society Organizations and Media, Records Management for Effective Information Management and Implementation of the Act

<u>LBL361 – Interpretation of Statutes</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Legislation and its types, Principles of Legislation, Methods of Legislation, Statute and its types- Parts of Statute, Commencement, extent and duration of Statutes, Repeal and revival of Statutes, Amending, consolidating and codifying Statutes- General principles of statutory interpretation, Primary or literal rule of interpretation, Mischief rule, Golden rule, Treatment of general words- Beneficial construction, Strict or liberal construction, Internal Aids to interpretation of Statutes, External Aids to interpretation of Statutes

<u>LBL261 - Competition Law</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction-Basic economic and legal principles, Restraint of Trade under Indian Contract Act, Monopolistic Trade Practices, Restrictive Trade Practices- Development of law from MRTP to Competition Act 2002, Aims, Objects and Salient features, Comparison between MRTP Act and Competition Act, Anti-Competitive Agreement, Abuse of Dominant Position, Combination, Protection of consumers-Competition Commission Of India, Structure and function of CCI, Regulatory role- Competition Appellate Tribunal. Composition, Functions, Powers and Procedure, Award Compensation, Power to punish for contempt, Execution of orders

LBL362- International Air and Space Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Space Law: Historical Background, Definition and demarcation of outer space, Space technology - Benefits, Shift from air law to space law, Development of the space law - UN contributions. UN General Assembly Resolutions, Space treaties, Principles - A midway approach; Fundamental Principles, Province of all Mankind, National nonappropriation, Freedom of exploration, use and scientific investigation, Common Heritage of Mankind, Jurisdiction and control, Co-operation between the states, Astronauts - Envoys of Mankind, Liability and Registration, Launching state and Registering state, Liability and responsibility regime under the Outer Space Treaty, Absolute liability and fault liability, COSMOS 954 - A case study, State liability / responsibility for private space activities, Registration and identification, Some Problems of Current Concern. Ouestion of state sovereignty and claim of property rights, Human habitation on the moon and other celestial bodies, of the Protection space environment. Demilitarization of the outer space, International Space Station - Inventions in outer space. System of Financing Outer Space Activities, Increasing private space activities, Asset-Based Financing, UNIDROIT Convention and draft Space Protocol. Creation and registration of international interests in space assets, Default and remedies, Loopholes in the UNIDROIT system, National Space Legislation, Need for national space legislation, Commerce oriented approach - US & Australian models, Other approaches - Russian & UK models, Indian position

LBL263- Penology & Victimology 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Penology: Meaning, Definition and Scope, Concept and Necessity of Punishment, Theories of Punishment: Retributive theory, Deterrent theory, Preventive and Reformative theory, Capital Punishment - constitutionality of capital punishment, judicial approach towards death penalty, Meaning & Scope of Victimology, Types of Victims of Crime, Rights of the Victims of Crime, Provisions regarding Compensation to the Victims of Crime under Code of Criminal Procedure and Indian Penal Code, Compensation under Probation of Offences Act, Compensation to Victim under Motor Vehicle Act, Common Law regarding Compensation in Tort and Civil Law, Judicial trends in Compensatory Jurisprudence, Recommendations of Justice Malimath Committee with respect to compensation to victims of Crime

LBL262- Food Security Laws 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Right to food under the Constitution of India, National Food Security Act, 2013: intent, scope, Authorities under the Act, Concept and meaning of Food quality and food Safety. Food adulteration, food hazards. Natural toxins. Food Laws and Standards in India International Food Control Systems including CODEX Safety aspects of water and beverages such as soft drinks, tea, coffee, cocoa. Safety assessment of food contaminants and pesticide residues. Safety evaluation of heat treatments and related processing techniques. Principles of food laws regarding prevention of food adulteration, Definition, authorities under the act Procedure of taking a sample purchase right, warranties, guest control order or food services order in force from time to time. Essential commodities etc., and AGMARK, Exposure, estimation, toxicological requirements and risk assessment. Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, Essential Commodities Act, 1955, Seeds Act, 1966. Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001, Insecticides Act, 1968

LBL364- Disaster, Development and Human <u>Rights</u>

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Human rights, civil liberties, global and regional perspectives on human rights, international humanitarian issues, human rights activism, disaster and emergency relief, child and bonded apartheid labour issues. and racial discrimination, refugees and displaced people, drug abuse, role of UNHCR, Amnesty International, Red Cross, PUCL, PUDR, NHRC, other government and non-government organizations on human rights besides other programmes having social, educational, cultural, economic and legal content for the optimum development of a global sustainable society for the protection of Human Rights in disaster effected areas

LBL461- Insurance Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Understanding and Managing Risk, Risk Management, Perils, Nature, Risk Analysis, Planning, Control, Mechanism for Transfer of risk, Insurance and Reinsurance, General Principles and Concepts of Insurance, Insurable Interest, Indemnity, Uberrimae fidei, Proximate Subrogation and Cause. Contribution. Guarantee. Differentiation Insurance and Insurance and Wager, Disclosure, Moral Hazards, Insurance Contract and Indian Market Conditions, Nature of Insurance Contract, Features of Insurance Contract, Types of Insurance, Concept of Intermediaries, Market Players and their Roles, Agents, Brokers, Surveyors & Loss Assessors, Health, Third Party of Insurance Administrators. Certification Professionals. Training Organizations, Regulatory Environment, Specific Legislations, Regulation of Insurance Business. Insurance Act. Insurance Regulatory and Development Act, Powers and Functions of IRDA, Relevant Regulations and Guidelines issued by IRDA, Licensing, Audit & Supervision, Investments, Amalgamation and Transfer, Grievance Redressal, Rural and Social Sector obligations, Micro Insurance, Financial inclusion, Product Approval

LBL463- Media Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Constitutional Provisions: Freedom of speech and expression, Indian Penal Code: Sedition, Promoting enmity between different groups on grounds of religion, race, place, birth, residence, language etc., Defamation, Indecent Representation of Woman (Prohibition) Act, 1986 and Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, Kinds of indecent representation of women through advertisements or in publications, writings, paintings, figures or in any other manner and for matters connected therewith, Legal provisions, Proceedings of Family court, Right to Information Act, 2005: How to use RTI to get information, Prasar Bharti (Broadcasting Corporation of India) Act, 1990: Definitions, Appointment of chairman and other members, Powers and Functions of Executive Members, Power of central government to give directions and obtain information. Information Technology Act, 2000: Definitions, Punishment for sending offensive messages through communication service etc., Broadcast Policy, 2004, Cable TV Regulation Act, 1995, Cinematograph Act, 1952, Self-regulation, issues and legal intervention, Legal provisions, Issues and Amendments, Working Journalists and other Newspaper

Employees (conditions of services) and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1955, Young Persons (Harmful Publications) Act, 1956, Main provisions and amendments

<u>LBL561- Clean Energy & Sustainability Laws</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Considering the global shift towards unconventional energy sources, India, too, is looking to broaden its non-fossil energy spectrum. However, these changes have projected issues that require policy interventions at various implementation stage. This course focuses on understanding the emerging legal issues related to transition of energy sector with a fulcrum point of sustainability. The 'first of its kind' course in India will develop a strong understanding towards comprehending energy sector and sustainability from legal perspectives. Understand Indian & world energy scenarios and related legal regimes. Interrelate the energy economics with emerging clean energy policies. Apply the concept of sustainability with the energy sector laws in India.

LBL445- Advanced Contract Drafting 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Doing Business in India (Domestic Options), Sole Proprietorship, HUF, Partnership, LLPs, Companies, Doing Business in India (Entry Options), Overview of Foreign Direct Investment in India, Doing Business in the US, Various domestic forms of doing business and entry options, Doing Business in Mauritius, DTAA between India and Mauritius, Basic Issues regarding drafting, Common Drafting Errors, use of short sentences, Use of Active Words, Format, Ambiguity

<u>LBL462- Criminal Justice Administration</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Foundational Aspects- Meaning and Concept of Human Rights- Notion and Classification of Rights : Natural, Moral and Legal Rights, Three Generations of Human Rights (Civil and Political Rights; Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; Collective/Solidarity Rights)-Evolution of the Concept of Human Rights- Journey from Magna Carta to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (Magna carta; The united States Declaration of Independence; The French Declaration of the Rights of Man and the Citizen; United States Bill of Rights; Geneva Convention of 1864; Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.

LBL464- Health Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Right to Health and Indian Constitution, National Health Policy, Legal aspect of Private medical practice, The Mental Health Act, 1987: Mental Health Authorities, Admission and detention in psychiatric, Hospitals or Psychiatric Nursing Homes, Protection of Human Rights of Mentally ill persons, Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971, The Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994: Authority for the Removal of Human organs, Removal of organs in case of unclaimed bodies in hospital or prison, Restrictions on removal of Human organs, Offences and Penalties, Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994, Medical Negligence and Malpractices, Health Insurance in India, Role of Law in prevention of AIDS, Duties of Hospitals regarding Medico-legal cases

LBL562- Science, Technology and Law 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Scientific and Technological Researches -Impact on ethics, morality and Human Rights, Development vis-à-vis Human Rights Conflicts, Confrontation and resolution. Freedom of information, Freedom for Scientific Research, Controls and Constraints, Intellectual Property Rights - International Dimensions, Protection of economic and social rights of indigenous people, Role of judiciary in the dialogue among science, Technology, Human Rights and law, Limitations on the right to information under Information Technology Laws - The approach of the judiciary

LBL563-International Trade Law

4 Credits (4-1-0)

WTO and International Trade Law, Multilateral Agreements on Trade in Goods, GATS, TRIPS Agreement, Doha Round and aftermath, Regulation of International Trade in India, Institutional Structure, Foreign trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992, Foreign Trade Policy, Foreign Trade Procedures

LBL661- International Commercial Arbitration

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction to Int'l Commercial Arbitration-Dispute resolution in international trade, Concept and nature of arbitration, Important terms used in international commercial arbitration, The hybrid nature of arbitral process, Types of arbitration; Arbitrability- Arbitrability, Comparative study of judicial decisions on arbitrability; Arbitration Agreement- Significance of agreement in arbitration, Forms of arbitration agreement, Functions of an arbitration agreement, Definition and Requirements of a valid arbitrations agreement, Foreign Arbitration Agreement; Arbitration Agreement Cont.; Complex web of laws and rules governing Int'l. Commercial Arbitration- Types of laws applicable in international commercial arbitration, Governing law of arbitration, Law applicable to the substantive issues, Law governing arbitration agreement; Enforcing the choice of law clause; Regulating Int'l Commercial Arbitration- An introduction to UNCITRAL Model law on International Commercial Arbitration: Recognition or enforcement of foreign arbitral awards- The International Conventions for recognition and enforcement of arbitral awards, Reciprocity and commercial reservation, Indian law- scope and applicability, Foreign awardmeaning, General policy for review foreign award in India, Grounds for refusal of recognition and enforcement of a foreign award, Recognition and enforcement of annulled awards

LBL662 - Election Laws

4 Credits (4-1-0)

India is having a Constitution that guarantees a democratic republic to its citizens. This is based unmistakably on adult franchise, though the question remains about the nature of right to vote fundamental statutory. whether or The introduction of the course will be done on the political structure of democracy and will proceed to the postulate of free and fair elections. The next phase of link up with the Constitution will be a natural progression, which could be achieved by analyzing democracy as a right and the relevance of elections therein. To familiarize the students with the existing legal framework of elections to various democratic bodies/ posts. To develop a critical thinking about the development of this branch of law. The same will be based within the premise of the right to better democratic order, the focus being the election process. To critically analyses the present regime of laws with reference to the postulate of free and fair elections as the fundamental point of democracy. To sketch the probable future developments by studying the report of the National Commission on the Review of the Working of the Constitution and Law Commission of India

LBL441- Indian Federalism 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Constitutionalism, what is Constitutionalism? What is Constitution? Modern Constitutionalism. Constitutionalism in USA, UK, Canada and India, Federalism, what is a federal government? Difference between confederation and Federation, Condition requisite for federalism, Patterns of Federal Government – USA. Australia, Canada and India, Federalism, what is a federal government? Difference between Condition confederation and Federation, requisite for federalism, Patterns of Federal Government - USA, Australia, Canada and India. Legislative Relations, Territorial Jurisdictions, Distribution of Legislature powers, Principles of Interpretations, Repugnancy, Residuary Power, Parliamentary Legislation in the State field. Distributions of powering other Federations, Canada, USA, Australia

LBL442 - Comparative Constitution

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Concept of representative and responsible government, Constitutional Conventions: Nature, Scope and Role of Conventions; Presidential, Semi-Presidential, Collegiate system of Governments- Concept of Cabinet government, Mode of appointment of Prime Minister, Collective and Individual Responsibility; Hung Parliament. Treaty making power, Power to implement treaties, External affairs powers; Emergency power, War power-Martial Law, Nature and Significance of Legislative power, composition of Legislature, First and Second Chamber, Powers and Immunities of Legislatures, Chief Executive, his powers and functions-Organization and Jurisdiction of the Higher Judiciary; Independence of Judiciary, Judicial Review and accountability.

<u>LBL443- Gender Justice and Feminist</u> <u>Jurisprudence</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

What is Gender justice, Notions of sex and gender, Deconstructing 'Man', 'Woman'. 'Other', Private-public dichotomy, Women in ancient, medieval and modern India: An overview. Current status of women:-Indicators of status: Difference in - likelihood of survival: female foeticide, assigned human worth; and control over property, valued goods and services, working conditions, knowledge and information, political processes, symbolic representation, one's body, daily lifestyles, reproductive processes, Gender Justice in India: An overview, Understanding Patriarchy, Issues and contradictions in feminism. Sameness and difference debate, Liberal feminism, Radical feminism, Socialist/Marxist feminist approaches

LBL444- Judicial Process and Independence of Judiciary

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Judicial process and creativity in law, common law model, growth of law, change and stability, The Concept of Judicial Review - Origin and Its Legitimacy, Democratic The tools and t4echniques of judicial review and judicial creativity. Analysis of the doctrine of Stare Decisis in India, WRITS: Habeas Corpus, Certiorari, Mandamus. Prohibition, Ouo warranto, Exclusion of Judicial Review, Judicial Review of Legislation, Judicial Review of Administrative Actions, Grounds, Limits on Judicial Review, Doctrine of Political Ouestions, Judicially Manageable Standards, Policy Matters, Is Judicial Review the same as Judicial Activism? Judicial Activism and Creativity of the Indian Supreme Court; the new dimensions, Institutional liability of Courts and Judicial activism - Scope and Limits, Evolution of the Doctrine of Basic Structure, The Recent Developments: The "essence of rights" test and "rights test" to determine, Basic structure

LBL363- Corporate Governance and CSR 4 Credits (4-1-0)

The aim of this course is to acquaint students with the theory and practice of corporate governance particularly relating to social accountability and reporting. This course examines theories of corporate governance, evaluating the evolution of traditional governance systems to provide incentives to managers in light of increasing demands for accountability, transparency, and social responsibility of managers and business. Issues such as sustainability management accounting/control, reporting, auditing, and verification are also examined and discussed, and the role of drivers such as reporting/governance codes and the investment community in enhancing organizational change toward a sustainable development are critically evaluated. Identify the importance of the theory and practice of corporate governance particularly relating to social accountability and reporting. Critically analyze various provisions regulating different sectors of Corporate. Apply the concept of enforcement of CSR with in the corporate sector.

LBL447- Practice of Corporate Law 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Structures, commonly used structures for mergers, demerges, amalgamations, asset purchase and share purchase, Law relating to M&A, Companies Act, 1956/2013 and IT Act provisions relating to mergers, asset purchase and share purchase and case laws, Takeover Code, Various regulations of the Takeover Code, 2011 and case laws, Confidentiality Agreements, Relevance and contents of confidentiality agreements

LBL446- Business Formation

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Doing Business in India (Domestic Options), Sole Proprietorship, HUF, Partnership, LLPs, Companies, Doing Business in India (Entry Options), Overview of Foreign Direct Investment in India, Doing Business in the US, Various domestic forms of doing business and entry options, Doing Business in Mauritius, DTAA between India and Mauritius, Basic Issues regarding drafting, Common Drafting Errors, use of short sentences, Use of Active Words, Format, Ambiguity

<u>LBL448- Marketing Regulation in India</u>

4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction to Financial System, Regulatory Framework: General View, Introduction to Compliance, SEBI Act, 1992, Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, SEBI (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008, SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, SEBI (Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to Securities Markets) Regulations, 2003, The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, SEBI (KYC Registration Agency) Regulations, 2011, Understanding Intermediary Specific Regulations, SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub-Brokers) Regulations, 1992, SEBI (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, Listing Agreement & SEBI (Delisting of Securities) Guidelines, 2003, SEBI Takeover Code & SEBI (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2006, SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009, Depositories Act, 1996, SEBI (Depositories and Participants

<u>LBL546- International Humanitarian Law</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction to International Humanitarian Law (IHL), History and Development of IHL, Application of IHL, IHL and Human Rights, General Limitations on the Means and Methods of Warfare, Specific Weapons Regime, The Principle Of Distinction, Rule Of Military Rule Of Proportionality, Necessity and Prohibition Of Direct And Indiscriminate Attacks, Protected Persons And Property, Wounded, The Sick, The Shipwrecked, Prisoners Of War, Medical, Religious And Relief Personnel, Protection Of Civilians, Protection of Women, Protection of Children, Protection of Refugees and Internally displaced Persons, Protection Of Cultural Property, Implementation Of IHL

LBL547- International Environmental Law 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Historical Evolution, Developed and Developing Countries Perspectives, Stockholm, Rio and Johannesburg, Sources: Treaties, Custom, General Principles of Law, Other Sources, Principles:

Sovereignty over Natural Resources, Obligation Not to Cause Damage, Principles of Preventive Action and Precaution, Polluter Pays Principle and Equitable Sharing of Cost, Sustainable Development, Equitable Utilization, Common but Differentiated Responsibilities, The Link Development, Between Environment and Desertification as a Transnational Problem; 1994, Tropical Deforestation; The Desertification Convention, Transboundary River Pollution; Transboundary Groundwater Pollution. Transboundary Shipments of Hazardous Wastes; The Basel Convention Regime, Trans frontier Air Pollution and Convention on Transboundary Air Pollution,

Environmental Warfare, State Liability: Theoretical Issues, Victim State Sovereignty Threshold Of Cognizable Injury

<u>LBL548- Refugees, IDPs & Stateless Persons</u> 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Introduction to international refugee law, Development of the legal protection of the refugees, 1951 Convention relating to the status of refugees & 1967 Protocol relating to status of refugees. Voluntary repatriation. local integration and resettlement in a third country, Regional laws and standards, International Protection of refugees under the UNHCR and organizations, other UNHCR Executive Committee Conclusions, UNHCR and India, UNRWA, Protection of Refugees in India, Partition refugees and Bangladesh experience, Foreigners' law regime in dealing with refugees, Role of the Judiciary in refugee protection in India, Model National Law on Refugees, Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Wrongs to Person: Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement 1991, UNHCR ExCom and Standing Committee, Special Rapporteur on the Human Rights of Internally Displaced Persons. Protection and Assistance, Stateless Persons, 1954 Convention relating to the Status of Stateless Persons, 1961 Convention on the Reduction of Statelessness, Other Legal Documents Related to Statelessness, Global Action Plan to End Statelessness principle

LBL264: Affirmative Action and Discriminative Justice 4 Credits (4-1-0)

Discrimination has penetrated all societies and at all places without 'reservations'.

Phenomenon of discriminations does not discriminate. The Constitutions exhuming

constitutionalism have safeguarded the rights of the discriminated and often insular

minorities. The lineage of past discrimination is addressed by another set of discriminatory

policies known as "affirmative action", "protective discrimination", "positive

discrimination", "compensatory discrimination" etc.

The Constitution of India, 1950 ("Constitution") was enacted to balance the inequities

prevailing in India. In this regard, the Constitution was a social document marked by a transformative vision. There was and still subsists systemic discrimination. The

discrimination may be single, double or multilayered. In a broad brush manner, a few grounds of discrimination are sex, caste, race, religion, sexual orientation, place of birth and, so on and so forth. The Constitution prohibits discrimination per se. When access is denied to public goods, the discrimination assumes an invidious form. But is prohibition on discrimination enough to break the ages old systemic discrimination? Or 'new' forms of discrimination are required to 'reverse' the effects of traditions old discrimination. A contrapuntal arises wouldn't constitutionally sanctioned discrimination violate the equality code of India (Articles 14 to 18)? The answer to these more than simple questions requires agitation of constitutional policy, principles, and judgments which will be undertaken in this course.

APPENDIX- II LL.M (2021-22)

Course Credit Scheme of LL.M. 2021-22

Semester			Course Code/ Cour	rse Name			Total Courses	L	Т	Р	Contact Hours Per Week	Credits
		Compulsory Courses		S	pecialization Cou	rses						
I	LML611 Research Methods and Legal Writing (2-1-0) 3	LML612 Comparative Public Law (2-1-0) 3	LML613 Law and Justice in a Globalized World (2-1-0) 3	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	5	12	6	0	18	18
п	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	Specialization (2-1-0) 3	Dissertation (0-0-10) 5			4	6	3	10	19	14
							9	18	9	10	37	32
							Total Courses	L	Т	Р	Contact Hours per week	Credits

CREDIT DETAILS FOR LLM

Compulsory Courses L-T-P C

LML6 11	Research Methods and Legal Writing	2-1-0	3
LML6 12	Comparative Public Law	2-1-0	3
LML6 13	Law and Justice in a Globalized World	2-1-0	3

Specialization Courses

Specialization 1: Corporate Law L-T-P C

LML64 1	SEBI Rules and Practice	2-1-0	3
LML64 2	International Commercial Arbitration	2-1-0	3
LML64 3	Corporate Law Practice	2-1-0	3
LML64 4	International Investment Law	2-1-0	3
LML64 5	International Trade- Rules and Regulations	2-1-0	3
LML64 6	Contract Drafting	2-1-0	3

Specialization 2: Human Rights Law

L-T-P

С

LML65	Concept and		
1	Development of	2-1-0	3
	Human Rights		

LML65 2	International Human Rights	2-1-0	3
	Law		•
LML65 3	Disaster Management and	2-1-0	3
LML65	Human Rights		
4	Human Rights Law and	2-1-0	3
	Practice in India		
LML65 5	International Humanitarian law and Refugee Law	2-1-0	3
LML65 6	Science, Technology and Human Rights	2-1-0	3

Specialization 3: Intellectual Property Rights

L-T-P	С
L-I-P	C

	IPR Regime and Cyber World	2-1-0	3
	International IP Law and Policy	2-1-0	3
	Trademarks, Design and Unfair Competition	2-1-0	3
	Law of Patents and Pharmacy	2-1-0	3
5	Law of Copyright and other Related Rights	2-1-0	3
LML66 6	Law relating to Geographical Indication, Plant Varieties, and Biodiversity	2-1-0	3

Dissertation

L-T-P C

LMD60		0-0-	
1	Dissertation	10	5

ONE YEAR LL.M. DEGREE PROGRAMME

<u>LML611 – Research Methods And Legal</u> <u>Writing</u>

3 Credits (2-1-0)

is Research? Meaning What and Objectives; Research methods vis a vis Research Methodology; Legal Research -Meaning, scope and purpose. Relation between law and society; Types/kinds: Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal (empirical); Applied, fundamental; Library research, field research and laboratory research, descriptive, analytical, conceptual; Participatory and Non–Participatory; Comparative, historical, statistical, critical, socio-legal; Mono disciplinary and trans disciplinary; quasi-disciplinary, interdisciplinary (multi-disciplinary) research; Quantitative and qualitative, one time and longitudinal, clinical or diagnostic research; Research for legal reform; Research Methods, Research Design, Various Steps in Research: Research Process, Research Problem: Identification and Formulation, Hypothesis, Use of Library, Use of Modern Technology/ Computer Assisted Research, Tools and Techniques for Collection of Data; Analysis and Interpretation of Data, Use of Deductive and Inductive Methods in Research, Preparation of Research Report and Writing of Research report, Budgeting of Research, Ethical and Legal Issues: Plagiarism and Copyright Violation; Legal Writing -Essentials of Good Legal Writing, Structured Legal Writing: Organization of Legal Materials, Framing of Write Up: Research Ouestion, Title, Identifying relevant areas of law, Identifying Literature and Case Laws, Analysis, Discussion, Recommendations and Conclusion; Sources of Authority- Kinds: Informative, Persuasive; Writing for Individual Purposes; Writing for Academic Purpose; Writing for Court Purposes: Briefs, Plaints etc.; Writing for Publication: reviews, articles, books etc., Judicial writing

<u>LML612 – Comparative Public Law</u> 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Public Constitution Law and _ Administrative Law. Concept of Meaning Constitution, and Idea of Constitution, Nature and Goals, Living Constitution as Supreme Law; Study of Constitutional Comparative Law. Relevance, Problems and Concerns in Using Comparison; Constitutionalism, Concept, Distinction between Constitution and Constitutionalism, Essential features of Constitutionalism -Written Constitution, Separation of Powers, Fundamental Rights, Independence of Judiciary and Judicial Review: Constitutional foundations of powers, Supremacy of Legislature in Law Making, Rule of law, Dicey's Concept of Rule of Law, Modern Concept of Rule of Law, Social and economic rights as part of rule of law, Separation of powers, Concept of Separation of Powers, Checks and Balances, Separation of Powers or Separation of Functions; Forms of Governments, Federal and Unitary Forms, Features, Advantages and Disadvantages, Models of Federalism and Concept of Quasi-federalism, Role of Courts in Preserving Federalism, Parliamentary and

Government, Presidential Forms of Constitutional Review, Methods of Constitutional Review. Judicial and Political Review. Concentrated and Diffused Review, Anticipatory and Successive Review, Concept and Origin of Judicial Review, Limitations on Judicial Review; Amendment of Constitution, Various Methods of Amendment. Amending Limitations on Power: Comparative Perspective, Theory of Basic Structure: Origin and Development

LML613 – LAW & JUSTICE IN A GLOBALISED WORLD

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Introduction- Meaning and significance of Globalization, Concept of Global Justice, Global Justice and Right to Development; Theoretical Prepositions of Global Justice-Realism, Particularism, Nationalism, Cosmopolitanism; Historical and Central Challenges to Global Justice- Global Poverty- Role of International Mechanism, Armed Conflict, Crimes against Humanity, Environment and Health, Oppressive Policies- Threat of Terrorism, Global Politics; Role and Reformation of Global Institutions-

States, sovereignty and Transnational Law, Economic and Trade Institutions-MNC's; Models to Achieve Global Justice- Global Justice and Global Rule of Law

LML641- SEBI Rules and Practice 3 Credits (2-1-0)

An overview of legal and regulatory framework; Capital market instruments and rating; Capital Market intermediaries; Secondary market institutions; Mutual Funds; Venture Capital; Collective Investments Schemes: **Buy-back** of securities; Depository Systems; Issue of capital; Resource mobilisation in International market; Indian capital Depository Receipts;

LML642- International Commercial Arbitration

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Introduction Int'l Commercial to Arbitration-Dispute resolution in international trade, Concept and nature of arbitration, Important terms used in international commercial arbitration, The hybrid nature of arbitral process, Types of arbitration; Arbitrability- Arbitrability, Comparative study of judicial decisions on arbitrability; Arbitration Agreement-Significance of agreement in arbitration, Forms of arbitration agreement, Functions of an arbitration agreement, Definition and Requirements of a valid arbitrations agreement, Foreign Arbitration Agreement; Arbitration Agreement Contd; Complex web of laws and rules governing Int'l. Commercial Arbitration- Types of laws applicable in international commercial arbitration, Governing law of arbitration, Law applicable to the substantive issues, Law governing arbitration agreement; Enforcing the choice of law clause; Regulating Int'l Commercial Arbitration-An introduction to UNCITRAL Model law on International Commercial Arbitration: Recognition or enforcement of foreign arbitral awards-International The Conventions for recognition and enforcement of arbitral awards, Reciprocity and commercial reservation, Indian lawscope and applicability, Foreign awardmeaning, General policy for review foreign award in India, Grounds for refusal of recognition and enforcement of a foreign award, Recognition and enforcement of annulled awards

LML643- Corporate Law Practice 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Ethics and Governance- Introduction, Ethics, Business Ethics, Corporate Governance, Governance through Inner Consciousness and Sustainability, Failure of Governance and its Consequences; Ethical Principles in Business- Role of Board of Directors, Organization Climate and Structure and Ethics, Addressing Ethical Dilemmas, Code of Ethics; Ethics Committee; Ethics Training; Integrity Pact, Case Studies and Contemporary Developments; Conceptual Framework of Corporate Governance- Introduction, Need and Scope, Evolution of Corporate Developments in India, Governance, Developments in Corporate Governance -A Global Perspective, Elements of Good Governance; Corporate Board Effectiveness - Issues and Challenges, Board Composition; Diversity in Board Room; Types of Directors; Board's Role and Responsibilities; Chairman, CEO, Separation of Roles- Relationship between and Executives, Directors Visionary Leadership, Board Charter, Meetings and Processes, Directors' Training and Development, Performance Evaluation of Board and Directors; Board Committees, Responsibilities, Contribution to Board Governance; Legislative Framework of Corporate Governance in India; Legislative Framework of Corporate Governance - An International Perspective; Risk Internal Management and Control: Corporate Governance and Shareholder Rights; Corporate Governance and Other Stakeholders

LML646- Contract Drafting 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Doing Business in India (Domestic Options), Sole Proprietorship, HUF. Partnership, LLPs, Companies, Doing Business in India (Entry Options), Overview of Foreign Direct Investment in India, Doing Business in the US, Various domestic forms of doing business and entry options, Doing Business in Mauritius, DTAA between India and Mauritius, Basic regarding drafting. Issues Common Drafting Errors, use of short sentences, Use of Active Words, Format, Ambiguity

LML655- International Humanitarian Law and Refugee Law

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Origin and Development of Humanitarian Law and Refugee Law; The Geneva Conventions and Protocols; 1951 Refugee Convention; Role of ICRC and UNHCR

LML656- Science Technology and Human Rights

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Scientific and Technological Researches -Impact on ethics, morality and Human Rights: Development vis-à-vis Human Rights - Conflicts, Confrontation and Freedom of information, resolution; Freedom for Scientific Research, Controls and Constraints; Intellectual Property Rights International Dimensions, _ Protection of economic and social rights of indigenous people; Role of judiciary in the dialogue among science, Technology, Human Rights and law; Limitations on the right to information under Information Technology Laws - The approach of the judiciary

LML653- Disaster Management and Human Rights

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Human rights, civil liberties, global and regional perspectives on human rights, international humanitarian issues, human rights activism, disaster and emergency relief, child and bonded labour issues, apartheid and racial discrimination, refugees and displaced people, drug abuse, role of UNHCR, Amnesty International, Red Cross, PUCL, PUDR, NHRC, other government non-government and organizations on human rights besides programmes social. other having educational, cultural, economic and legal

content for the optimum development of a global sustainable society for the protection of Human Rights in disaster effected areas

LML654- Human Rights Law and Practice in India 3 Credits (2-1-0)

The main objective of the course is to give students grounding in the basics of Human Rights Law and to prepare for responsible with awareness citizenship of the relationship between Human Rights. democracy and development; to foster respect for international obligations for peace and development; to impart education on national and international regime of Human Rights; to sensitize students to human suffering and promotion of human life with dignity. It includes equipping students in a rudimentary fashion with basic knowledge and tools for human rights lawyering and to expose students to the working of human rights in practice. This course seeks to explore the traditional areas of international human rights law and also various core international human rights instruments and their monitoring bodies.

LML652- International Human Rights Law

3 Credits (2-1-0)

The Concept of Human Rights, Guaranteeing Human Rights by Treaty, UN Mechanisms for Addressing Violations of Human Rights, Regional Human Rights Systems, Human Rights Protections in Extremis, International Criminal Law, Current Issues in Human Rights and Conclusions

LML644- International Investment Law 3 Credits (2-1-0)

International Investment Laws, Bilateral Investment Treaties, Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency: Agreement on Trade-Related Investment Measures, Multilateral Agreement on Investment

LML645- International Trade-Rules and Regulations

3 Credits (2-1-0)

WTO and International Trade Law, Multilateral Agreements on Trade in Goods, GATS, TRIPS Agreement, Doha Round and aftermath, Regulation of International Trade in India, Institutional Structure, Foreign trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992, Foreign Trade Policy, Foreign Trade Procedures

LML664 – Law Of Patents And Pharmacy 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Scope, Objectives & IPR in pharmacy, Indian legal system & its role in IPR, Importance of IPR for pharmaceutical industry, the pharmaceutical industry in India. A profile, Self-regulation by pharmaceutical industry, Regulation of Pharmaceutical Industry, Select problems under the Drugs Act, The Hathi Committee Report and aftermath on essential drugs, Regulation of research and development, Public sector in pharmaceutics, MRTP Aspects, Advertising and consumer protection Regulation of drug-testing procedures in India, Multinational drug industry in India: Patent law aspects and dumping of unsafe drugs, Law of Patents in relation to Drug discovery and Generics, Regulation of Pharmaceutical industry through various Intellectual property law in India: Trademarks. Industrial design, Geographical indications, Copyrights, Trade secrets, Licensing and technology transfer, Ethics in IPR: Positive & negative aspects, drug related controversies, traditional knowledge, crops & life, forms, current strategies & solutions.

LML662– IPR REGIME AND CYBER WORLD

3 Credits (2-1-0)

Introduction to the Cyber World and Cyber Law, Cyber World: An Overview, The internet and online resources, Security of information, Digital signature, An Overview Cyber Law, Introduction about the cyber space, Regulation of cyber space – introducing cyber law, Scope of Cyber laws – e-

commerce; online contracts; IPRs (copyright, trademarks, Regulatory Framework, International Legal Regime, International legal regime relating to Intellectual Property Rights – (i) Berne Convention: (ii) Rome Convention; (iii) WIPO Copyright Treaty; (iv) WIPO Performance and Phonograms Treaty; (v) UDRP; (vi) OECD convention on Database protection; Domestic Legal Regime -Cyber Law in India - Information Technology Act, 2000 Digital Signature; E-Governance; _ Regulation of Certifying Authorities; Duties of Subscribers; Penalties and Adjudications; Offences under the Act; Making of Rules and Regulations etc.; E-Commerce, Online business, Definition of E-commerce, Types of E-commerce, Important Issues in Global E-commerce, Issues relating to Access (to infrastructure; to contents; universal access; Digital Divide and Universal Divide); Trust, Privacy, Security, Consumer Protection, Content Regulation; Uniformity in Legal Standards pertaining to internet, Application of conventional territory based law to E-commerce Taxation, Intellectual Property _ Rights, International Trade, Commercial law and standards, Dispute resolution; Cyber space and Intellectual Property issues, IPR - An Overview, Copyright Issues in Cyberspace, Trademark Issues in cyberspace Domain _ Name Dispute, Cybersquatting, Uniform Dispute Resolution Policy, Meta-tags and Key words, Computer Software and Related IPR Issues

LML662- International IP Law and Policy 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Sources of international intellectual property law: International conventions and treaties; decisions of international courts and tribunals; Secondary authorities, International institutions: the World Organization, the World Intellectual Trade Property, Organization, the World Bank, the United Nations Human Rights Commission, the World Health, Role of non-governmental organizations including transnational corporations, trade associations, human rights, and environmental and consumer groups, Global administration of IPRs and the integration of patent and trade mark offices, Evolution and significance of the World Trade Organization Agreement on the Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS), Global implementation of TRIPS in industrialized and transitional economies, Impact of the digital information revolution and economic globalization the protection of intellectual property, on Intellectual property as a trade issue, Development of global civil society, Intellectual property and issues of global public policy, Geographical indications: TRIPS requirements; extended protection for wines and spirits; possible extension to agricultural products and handicrafts, Program copyright, Digital rights management, self-help measures and unilateral action, Software patents, Trade-secret protection, Database protection, Opensource software, Access to essential medicines in developing countries after the Doha Declaration on TRIPS and Public Health, Famous trademarks, transnational outsourcing, child labour and sweatshop production, Biopiracy, biodiversity and the legal IPR regulation, Convention on Biological Diversity: TRIPS Article 27.3(b); Farmers' rights; Traditional knowledge, Copyright, music and royalty income, Online file-sharing and peer-topeer business models, Trade mark and domain name conflicts, Patents for internet business methods, Electronic commerce and consumer protection: WTO, OECD and EU initiatives, Origins of free trade agreements (FTAs) and bilateral investment treaties, (BITs), The content of FTAs and BITs, Significance of BITs: MFN provisions of TRIPS, Regional treaties: ASEAN, NAFTA.

LML665- Law of Copyright and other Related Rights 3 Credits (2-1-0)

Nature and Justification of Copyright, Subject matter of copyright, Authorship and ownership in copyright, Copyright and issues in Digital world, economic rights of author, moral rights of author, Doctrine of Fair Dealing: National and International Perspectives, National and International Perspectives of Neighboring rights, Ideology of Neighboring Rights/Related rights, Performers Rights, Broadcasting organizations and producer of phonogram.

LMD601- Dissertation 5 Credits (0-0-10)

To arrive at the objective of the problem after literature survey, to plan the methodology and to predict the probable outputs

<u>LML666-Law relating to Geographical</u> <u>Indication, Plant Varieties, and Biodiversity</u> 3 Credits (2-1-0)

The law relating to Geographical Indication, Plant Varieties and Biodiversity complement each other.GIs were developed to protect consumers, offering reliable information about the goods they buy. It was initially thought that GIs could also afford protection to producers by fighting against unfair competition and "reputation theft." The third generation of GIs extended this concept to the rural landscape. If they could be used to protect producers, they could be used for rural development. Only recently was the concept extended to the environment and to the cultural and biological diversity associated with production. What remains to be seen is whether and how GIs can have an impact on the management and conservation of the cultural and biological diversity associated with products. The course intends to explore these IPRs and study the interface shared among them.

LML663- Trademarks, Design and Unfair Competition 3 Credits (2-1-0)

This specialised course is intended to provide coverage of intellectual property aspects which are closely related to trade and competition in the globalized market. Additionally, the course is intended to educate and raise awareness of some of the complex issues that surround the protection and management of intellectual property for branding. Specific aspects of Integrated circuits, its protection registration and is included. Furthermore, practical application of protection of trademarks, industrial designs and integrated circuits is included.