# Scheme of Examination for M.A History

Semester 3<sup>rd</sup>

Credit:25

Marks - 650

Sem.	Paper Code	Subjects  Pol.Hist.of India (1757 – 1857)	Type of	Contact Hours as per week Theory Practical Total			Credit Theory Practical Total			Examination Scheme Theory Internal Assesment Practical			Total
			Courses										
m.3 <sup>rd</sup> odern odia	HIS - 301		c.c	04		04	04	-	04	80	20	•	100
	HIS - 302	Indian National Movement (1885 – 1919)	c.c	4	-	4	4		4	80	20	-	100
	HIS - 303	Society & Culture of India (1757 – 1857)	c.c	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	-	100
	HIS – 304	Eco.History of India (1757 – 1857)	c.c	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	-	100
	Discipline Centric Elective Courses: Student have to choose any one course out of following two:												
	HIS - 305	Ecology and Environment history	D.C.E.C 1	4	-	4	4		4	80	20	-	100
	HIS - 306	Historiography	D.C.E.C 2	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	•	100
	Open Electi	Open Elective Courses: Student have to choose any one course out of following two:											
	HIS – 307	A Brief Historyof India's freedom struggle	O.E.C 1	3	•	3	3	-	3	80	20	•	100
	HIS - 307 HIS - 308	-	O.E.C 1	3	-	3	3	-	3	80	20	-	10
		freedom struggle Contemporary History of						-					10
	HIS - 308	freedom struggle Contemporary History of india–(1947-1964)	O.E.C 2				3	-	3	80	20		10

C.C = Core Course

D.C.E.C =

**Discipline Centric Elective Course** 

O.E.C = Open Elective Course

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# Scheme of Examination for M.A History

Semester 4<sup>th</sup>

Credit:26

Marks - 650

	Paper Code	Subjects	Type of	Contact Hours as per week			Credit			Examina	Total		
			Courses	Theor	ry Practica	l Total	Theor	y P <b>ra</b> ctica	I Total	Theory Internal	Assesm	ent Practical	
Sem.4 <sup>th</sup> (Modern India)	HIS – 401	Pol.Hist.of India (1858– 1947)	c.c	04	-	04	04	-	04	80	20	-	100
	HIS - 402	Indian National Movement - (1920–1947)	c.c	4	-	4	4	•	4	80	20	-	100
	HIS - 403	Society & Culture of India (1858 – 1947)	c.c	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	-	100
	HIS - 404	Eco.History of India (1858 – 1947)	C.C	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	•	100
1	Discipline Cent	ric Elective Courses: Stude	ent have to	choose	any one	course or	ıt of fol	lowing t	two:				
	HIS - 405	Research methodology &Historical Investigation	D.C.E.C1	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	-	10
	HIS - 406	Local History Project	D.C.E.C2	4	-	4	4	•	4	-	-	-	10
	. t.i. Flanting (	Courses Student have to	choose any	, one col	irse out	of followi	ng two:					_	
scipline Ce	ntric Elective C	Courses: Student have to c	choose any	V OHE COL	iise out	or ronowi.							
scipline Ce	HIS – 407	Socio-Economic Transformation	D.C.E.C1	4	-	4	4	-	4	80	20	-	10
scipline Ce		Socio-Economic					1		4	80	20	-	10
scipline Ce	HIS – 407	Socio-Economic Transformation	D.C.E.C1	4	- - -	4	4		4			-	10
scipline Ce	HIS - 407 HIS - 408	Socio-Economic Transformation Modernity and India	D.C.E.C1	4		4	4		4		20	-	1

C.C = Core Course

D.C.E.C = Discipline Centric Elective Course

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Session: 2020-2021

# M.A HISTORY

# SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code -HIS-301

Paper: Political History of India (1757-1857)

Maximum Marks-100

**External Marks-80** 

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The objective of this paper is to examine the evolution of the colonial state, focussing on the period from the 1757 - 1857. It seeks to enable students to understand the character of the colonial state, the manner in which it exercised its authority, the devices it used for legitimization, and some of the means by which it sought to discipline colonial subjects. Historiographical approaches, and debates on issues such as sovereignty, would be explored, moving beyond administrative histories. The ideological framework, to which ideas of race were crucial, would be analyzed, providing an opportunity to understand society, ideas, politics and the state in colonial India of the early eighteenth century to early nineteenth centuries.

## Unit-I

- 1. Sources of Modern Indian History:
- a. Archival Records
- b. Private Papers
- c. News Papers
- d. Periodicals
- e. Oral Traditions
- 2. Pre-Colonial Indian Polity:
- a. Decline of Mughal Empire
- b. Rise of Successor States

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# Unit-II

- 1. Emergence of British Power: 1757-1765
- a. English East India Company -History 1600 AD 1757 A.D.
- b. Battle of Plassey
- c. Battle of Buxar
- d. Political Settlement of 1765
- 2. The Indian Resistance
- a. Anglo Mysore Relations 1767-1799
- b. Anglo-Maratha Relations 1775-1818

## Unit-III

- 1. Diplomatic Means of British Expansion:
- a. Subsidiary Alliance System
- b. Political Settlement of 1817-1818
- c. Doctrine of Lapse
- 2. The Paramountcy and aftermath:
- a. Conquest of Sind
- b. Annexation of Punjab

# **Unit-IV**

- 1. Beyond Natural Frontiers:
- a. Nepal
- b. Burma
- 2. The People's Response:
- a. Discontent and Disaffection during Company's Rule
- b. Revolt of 1857 Nature, Participation and Impact

# Suggested Readings:

Dodwell, H.H (ed.): The Cambridge History of India Vol. V, Cambridge, 1934, 1937

Sutherland, Lucy: The East India Company in the 18th Century Politics, Oxford, 1952

Gupta, BrijanK.: Siraj-ud-daula and the East India Company, 1962

Khan, Mohibul Hasan :Tipu Sultan

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Roberts, P.E.: India under Wellesley

Sinha N.K.: Ranjit Singh

Sen, S.N.: Eighteen Fifty Seven, Delhi, 1957, Calcutta, 1958

Majumdar, R.C. (ed.): British Paramountcy and India's Renaissance Vol. X, Pt.1,

Bombay, 1965-68

": The Sepoy Mutiny and Revolt of 1857, Calcutta, 1957

Tara Chand : History of Freedom Movement Vol. I & II, Delhi, 1991

Misra, B.B.: Central Administration of the East India Company 1773-1834,

Macmillan, 1959

": The Administrative History of India, 1834-1947

Stokes, Eric: English Utilitarian and India, Oxford, 1959

Philips, C.H.: The East India Company, 2nd edn., London, 1962

Metcalfe, T.R.: Aftermath of the Revolt, Princeton, 1964

Pannikar, K.M.: An Introduction to the study of the Relations of Indian States with

the Government of India, London, 1932

Spear, P.: History of India, Vol. II, Penguin, 1965

": Master of Bengal: Robert Clive, 1976

Banerjee, A.C.: A New History of Modern India 1757-1947

Sardesai, G.S.: New History of the Marathas - Vols II. III, Bombay, 1946

Sardesai, G.S.: The Main Current of Maratha History.

Norris. J.A: The First Afghan War, 1838-42

Penderel Moon: Warren Hastings and British India, London, 1954

R.C. Majumdar, and Dutta

K.K. & Ch., H.C. Ray

: Advanced History of India Vol. III, 4th ed. Delhi, 1978

Prasad Bisheshwar:: Bondage and Freedom, Vol. I

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code -HIS-302

Paper: Indian National Movement (1885-1919)

Maximum Marks-100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The course addresses themes in the early history of Indian nationalism, including the response of the Indian intelligentsia to social and political reforms, the role of print and standardisation of language in the formation of nationalist collectives, the issue of gender, and the Swadeshi movement. A search for nationalist identity, quest for improvement in socio-economic status, a share in political power and ultimately destruction of the inequalities are the motives to be discussed. The course also attempts to explain intersectionalities through which students can comprehend what nationalism means for common people in their everyday lives.

#### Unit-I

- 1. Indian Nationalism:
- a. Emergence
- b. Causes
- c. Approaches
- 2. Indian National Congress
- a. Pre-Congress Political Associations
- b. Genesis
- c. Theories

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# Unit-II

- 1. Nationalist Agitation: 1885-1905
- a. Moderates Programmes and Ideology
- b. Revolutionary Movement The First Phase
- 2. Nationalist Agitation: 1905-1919:
- (a) Extremists- Programmes and Ideology
- (b) Anti-Partition of Bengal agitation- Swadeshi Movement

# Unit-III

- 1. Emergence of Communal Politics:
- a. Establishment of All India Muslim League 1906
- b. Hindu Mahasabha
- 2. Era of Communal Co-ordination:
- a. Lucknow Pact-aims and impact
- b. Home Rule Movement-aims, Programmes and impact

## Unit-IV

- 1. India and the first World War:
- a. Impact of Indian National Movement
- b. Rise of Left in Indian Politics
- 2. Constitutional Development A British Reaction:
- a. Indian Council Acts
- b. Morley Minto Reforms-1909
- c. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms-1919

# Suggested Readings:

Seal, Anil The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968

Mehrotra, S.R. The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971

Tripathi, A. The Extremist Challenge: India between 1890-1910, Calcutta, 1967

Argov, Daniel Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement

Desai, A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959 (ed.)

Tara Chand History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV., Delhi, 1961

Majumdar, R.C. History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63



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Dutt, R.P. India Today, Bombay, 1949

Mujeeb, M Indian Muslims, London 1967

Sarkar, S. Swadeshi Movement in Bengal-1903-1908, New Delhi, 1973

" Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N. India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964

Singh, Parduman Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910, Delhi, 2001 New ed.

Dhankar, Jaiveer Singh Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000

Wolpert Stanley A. Tilak and Gokhale, California, 1962

Yadav, B.D Allan Octavian Hume-Father of the Congress, Delhi, 1992

Madame Bhikha jiCama A True Nationalist, Delhi, 1952

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# M.A HISTORY

# SEMESTER- III

Paper Code -HIS-303

Paper: Society and Culture of India (1757-1857)

Maximum Marks-100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The objective of the course is to teach important historical trends and interpretations about constantly changing and evolving community identities such as religion and caste under colonial rule. It will teach students the role of various processes such as religious reforms and colonial education which reinforced community identity formation, hardening of community identities and increasing community consciousness during the period under study. It will teach about the Role of Literature in Indian Cultural Renaissance.

#### Unit-I

- 1. Pre-British Indian Society:
- a. General Features
- b. Rural Society
- c. Urban Society

#### Unit-II

- 1. British and Indian Society:
- a. Christian Missionaries
- b. British Social Policy
- c. Approaches-Evangelicalist and Orientalist
- 2. Growth of New Education:
- a. Wood's Dispatch and Aftermath

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b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

## Unit-III

#### 1. Press

- a. Rise and Growth of Press
- b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness
- 2. Literature:
- a Hindi Literature
- b. Bengali Literature
- c. Role in Indian Cultural Renaissance

#### **Unit-IV**

## 1. Social Reforms:

- a. Sati
- b. Infanticide
- c. Widow Remarriage Movement
- d. Age of Consent Bill Agitation
- 2. Women's Emancipation
- a. Status b. Property Rights
- b. Socio-Political Participation

# Suggested Readings:

Banga, Indu and Jaidev (eds.): Cultural Reorientation of Modern India, 1996

Bayly, C.A.: Indian Society and the Making of the English Empire (Cambridge

University Press, London, 1987)

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi (ed.) : The Contested Terrarium : Perspectives on foundation in India

(Hyderabad, 1988)

": Education and the Dis-privileged: Nineteenth and Twentieth

Century in India

Forbes, Geraldine: Women in Modern India, (London, 1998)

Kumar, Ravinder: Essays in Social History of Modern India (Modern, 1968)

" :Adhunik Bharat Ka SamajikItihas

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Mani, Lata: Contentious Traditions: The Debate on Sati in Colonial India (New

Jersey, 1990)

Mukerji, D.P.

: Indian Culture : A Sociological Study

Nair, Janaki: Women and Law in Colonial India: A Social History

Sangari, Kumkum & Sudesh

Vaid (eds.)

: Recasting Women : Essay in Colonial History

Sharma, R.S. (ed.): Indian Society: Historical Probing in Memory of D.D. Kosambi

Stokes, E.: English Utilitarians and India (London, 1959)

Ballhatchet, K.A.: Social Policy and Social Change in India

McCully, B.T.: English Education and the origin of Nationalism (Gloucester, 1966)

Ahmed A.F.S.: Social Ideas and Social change in Bengal

Ravinder Kumar: Western India in 19th Century

Kopf. D.: British Orientalism and the Bengal Renaissance (Berkeley, 1969)

Majumdar, B.B.: History of India Social and Political Ideas

Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism

Sinha, S.: "Social Change" in N.K. Sinha (ed) History of Bengal

Mukherjee, S.N.: "The Social Implications of the Political thought of Indian Society",

Historical Probing (ed.) R.S. Sharma

Brun De: "Political and Social Trends in 18th Century in India" vide Studies

in Social and Economic History of India, Vol III

Das, M.N. Chopra: Social and Economic History of Vol. III

L.S.S,O' Malley: Modern Indian and the West

SumitSarkar: Modern India (Delhi, 1983)

Narain VA.: Social History of Bengali Literature

Ram Kumar Verma: A History of Hindi Literature

Bayly, C.A.: Indian Society and the Making of the English (London, 1987)

Forbes, Geraldine: Women in Modern India

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# M.A HISTORY

# SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code -HIS-304

Paper: Economic History of India (1757-1857)

Maximum Marks-100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

This course studies some of the most significant aspects of the Indian economy under British rule from the mid 18th to the mid 19th century. It introduces students to fundamental economic changes that were brought about by colonialism during this period in the world of agriculture, weaving, trade and finance, labour and law.

students would Understand the emergence of modern institutions such as the state and market in the context of colonialism in India. Understand the relationship between political conquest and the economy as much as law and economic practice. Understand the relationship between colonial policies and their effects on various populations in the subcontinent.

It will teach students the ways in which scholars analyse the impact of colonial policies and colonial knowledge collection such as census, codification of personal laws, over caste and religious categories.

#### Unit-I

# 1. Pre-colonial Indian Economy

- a) Rural economy: agriculture and artisans
- b) Urban economy: artisans and manufacture
- c) Rural and Urban trade
- 2. Disintegration of the pre-colonial economy
- a) Debate over de-industrialization
- b) Causes for the disintegration of the rural economy

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## Unit-II

- 1. Debate about Colonialism and its impact on Indian Economy
- 2. Population during the colonial period
- a) Estimates prior to the first Census of 1872
- b) Patterns of population growth since 1872, with reference to Fertility
- rates, Mortality rates and Women-men ratio
- c) Debate over de-urbanization and trends of migration and workforce
- 3. National and Per-capita income:
- a) Estimates and comparison
- b) Contribution of Agriculture, Industry and Tertiary services

## Unit-III

- 1. Rural Economy
- a) Colonial land revenue settlements : Permanent Settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari
- b) Commercialization of agriculture with reference to crop, land labour and credit markets.
- 2. Rural Indebtedness and institutions to meet rural credit needs in colonial India
- 3. Peasant Revolt

#### Unit-IV

- Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period
- 2. Famines and the colonial Government:
- a. Causes, geographical spread and number of famines in colonial
- b. Evolution of the colonial policy regarding famines

# Suggested Readings:

Bhatia, B.M.: Famines in India: A study in Some Aspects of the Economic

History of India, Bombay, 1967

Bhattacharya, Dhires: A Concise History of Indian Economy: From the mid-Eighteen to

the Present Century, Calcutta, 1972

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi :Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihas, New Delhi and Patna, 1990

Davey, Brian: The Economic Development of India, Nottingham, 1975

Desai, A.R.: Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay, 1948

Gadgil, D.R.: The Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times, London, 1934

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Habib, Irfan: Indian Economy, 1858-1914, New Delhi, 2007

Kumar, Dharma (ed.): The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. 2: c. 1757-1970,

Cambridge, 1982

Mishra, Girish: Agrarian Problems of Permanent Settlement, Delhi, 1978

Mishra, Girish :Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthikltihas, Delhi, 1977

Mukherjee, Aditya:: "The Return of the Colonial in Indian Economic History: The

Last Phase of Colonialism in India", Presidential Address, Modern

Section, Indian History Congress, 68th Session, New Delhi.

Raj, K.N.: Essays on the Commercialization of Indian Agriculture

Roy, Tirthankar: The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, New Delhi, OUP,

2006

Singh, V.B.: Economic History of India, 1857-1956, Bombay, 1975

Sivasubramonian, S.: National Income of India in the Twentieth Century, Unpublished

Ph.D. Thesis, Delhi University

Tomlinson, B.R.: The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970, Cambridge, 1993

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code - HIS-305

Ecology & Environmental History (DCEC 1)

Maximum Marks-100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The objective of this optional course is to explore human-induced changes in nature on the transnational and global scale. The paper covers general concepts in environmental history, and explores human, non-human actors (including climate and topography), and science and technology as agents in history. The objective is to make students understand the major turning points in environmental history.

## Unit-I

Ecology

What is Ecology, scope of Ecology.

Ecology science or art, its relation to other subjects.

Terminology of Ecology.

Approaches to Ecology.

#### Unit-II

Environment

What is Environment, Component of Environment, Living and Nonliving Components.

Management of Conservation of Living and Non-Living Resources of Environment for

Sustainable Development.

Environmental Degradation and its Impact on Present and Future

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Generations. The Concept of Nature in our Spiritual Traditions.

## Unit-III

Environment and Ecological Consciousness in Ancient India
Indus Valley Civilization: Planned Organization, Drainage System, Watershed
Management and Waste Management, Worship of different Components of Nature.

Early Vedic and Later Vedic Culture. Forest and Wild Life Management in Arthasastra of Kautilya.

# **Unit-IV**

Environmental and Ecological Consciousness in Medieval and British India

Exploitation of Natural Resources for Economic Development in Early Medieval India
and Delhi Sultanate.

Exploitation of Natural Resources for Sustainable Economic Development In Mughal Period; Over Exploitation and Ecological Destabilization During later Mughal Period.

British Economic Policy and Imperialism: Ruins of Indian Small Scale Industry, over Exploitation of Natural Resources.

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. Environmental Science, William P. Cunningham & Barbara Woodworth Saigo, USA, 1990
- 2. Fundamentals of Ecology, (ed.) E.P. Odum, W.B. Philadelphia Pennsylvania USA1959
- 3. Ecology and Environment, P.D. Sharma, Rastogi Publications, Meerut, 1990
- 4. Social, Cultural and Economic History of India Vol-I, II & III, Chopra, Puri & Das. Forest and Wild life Management in ancient India, Looking through the Mauryan Times, Mohd. Ahsan Paryavaran Gyan Yagya Samiti, Lucknow.
- 5. Harishchandra Verma. Bharat Mein Arthik Rashtravad Ka UdbhavAur Vikas (Hindi),
- 6. Bipin Chandra Nand Maurya YuginBharat (Hindi), K.A. Nilakanta Sastri.
- 7. Chauhan, G.C., (Chapter-8), Some Aspects of Early Indian Society, Red Lead Press, Pittsburg, U.S.A., 2012.

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code HIS - 306

Historiography (DCEC 2)

Maximum Marks-100
External Marks-80
Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The objective of this Paper is to provide students with a firm grasp on the major historiographical interventions in Indian history through a critical, detailed reading of significant works of history. Identify the major historians whose work has had a significant impact on the writing of Indian History.

The course studies the interface between critical historical thought and evolving methods of the actual writing of history.

Identify the important historiographical concerns of these historians and contextualise them within large global trends in the academy. Identify how different historians have contributed to the narratives that comprise Indian history.

Be able to identify how different historians used their sources – sometimes the same range of sources but with contrasting epistemologies and conclusions.

Explain the relationship between History and Historiography.

# Unit-I

Basic Concepts: what is historiography? - definition, nature and scope; historical facts; history

and the relationship with allied disciplines-anthropology, archaeology, psychology, economics, sociology, geography, political science

#### Unit-II

Early Trends in History: Greeco-Roman, Chinese historiography and ancient Indian

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historiography;

Medieval Trends: western-church historiography, Arab historiography

## Unit-III

Western Approach: idealistic approach of Hegel; positivist approach of Augustus Comte & Ranke; materialistic approach of Karl Marx; postmodernism; the idea of total history-Annal school

#### Unit-IV

Approaches of Indian History: colonial, Cambridge, Marxist, nationalist, subaltern studies

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. Alvesson, Mats, Postmodernism and Social Research, 2002.
- 2. Bentley, Michael, Companion to Historiography, 1997.
- 3. Bloch, Marc, Itihaskar Ka Shilp, 2000.
- 4. Bloch, Marc, The Historian's Craft, 1954.
- 5. Boyd, Kelly (ed.), Encyclopedia of Historians and Historical Writing, Vol. 1 & 2, 1999.
- 6. Canon, John (ed.), The Historians at Work (George Allen & Unwin, London, 1980.
- 7. Carr, E.H., What is History, Macmillan, London, 1964.
- 8. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 9. Gardiner, Patrick (ed.), Theories of History, New York, 1969.
- 10. Hobsbawm, Eric J., Itihaskar Ki Chinta, 2003.
- 11. Hughes-Warrington-Marine, Fifty Great Thinkers on History, 2004.
- 12. Lambert, Peter and Phillip, Making History: An Introduction to the Practices of a Discipline, 2004.
- 13. Marwick, Arthur, Itihas Ka Swarup, 2008.
- 14. Marwick, Arthur, The Nature of History, Macmillan, London, 1970.
- 15. Sheikh Ali, B., History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan, Madras, 1978.
- 16. Sreedharan, E., A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000, Orient Longman, Delhi, 2000.
- 17. Stone, Lawrence, The Past and the Present, 1987.
- 18. Verma, LalBahadur, ItihasKe Bare Mein, 1984.

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# M.A HISTORY ' SEMESTER- Ⅲ Paper Code HIS-307

# Open Elective 01: A Brief History of India's Freedom Struggle

Maximum Marks-100 **External Marks-80** Internal Assessment-20 Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

The objective of this paper is to examine the evolution of the colonial state, focussing on the period from the early nineteenth century to the 1948s. It seeks to enable students to understand the character of the colonial state, the manner in which it exercised its authority, the devices it used for legitimization, and some of the means by which it sought to discipline colonial subjects. Historiographical approaches, and debates on issues such as sovereignty, would be explore. At the end of the course, students would be Acquainted with some of the crucial issues relating to characterization of the colonial state, and the historiography on the problem of sovereignty.

Familiar with features of some of the major organs of the state.

Comprehend the manner in which the colonial state attempted to seek legitimacy, and its recourse to the use of violence to establish its authority.

Grasp the ways in which sections of Indian society were sought be co opted into the colonial apparatus.

Make sense of the several options available for colonial governance, wherein the indirect mode was a frequently preferred option.

#### Unit I:

Colonization of India,

Anti-Colonial Civilian, Tribal Uprisings (Sanyasi, Santhal, Munda, Kol etc)

Revolt of 1857 and Different Social Classes.

Peasant Movements. (Indigo, Pabna, Deccan)

Unit II:

Rise of Incipient Indian nationalism in Reform Movements

Ideologies and Programmes of the Indian National Congress, Moderates and

Extremists: 1885-1920. Social and Economic Bases of Nationalism, Home Rule

League

Trends in Swadeshi movement.

Ideologies and Programmes of Indian revolutionaries in India and abroad

## Unit III:

Gandhian Mass Movement: Phases of Mobilization: Non-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India. Left Wing Politics(CSP, Kisan Sabha and Trade Unions).

# Unit IV:

Two Nation Theory and Rise of Communalism

Movement of the Depressed classes

INA and RIN, Independence and Partition and Integration of Princely States

# Suggested Readings:

- 1. ŚekharaBandyopādhyāỳa( 2004). From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. Orient Blackswan.
- 2. Chandra, Bipan; Mridula Mukherjee, Aditya Mukherjee, Sucheta Mahajan, K.N.

Panikkar (1989). India's Struggle for Independence, New Delhi: Penguin Books.

- 3. Heehs, Peter (1998), India's Freedom Struggle: A Short History. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Chandra, Bipan, Amales Tripathi and BarunDe( 1972), Freedom Struggle, National Book Trust.
- 5. Chand, Tara(1967), History of Freedom Movement in India, Vol. I-IV, Publication Division.
- 6. Desai, A.R.(1948), Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay.
- 7. Majumdar, R.C(1962-63), History of Freedom Movement, Vol. I- III, Calcutta.
- 8. Gore, M.S., The Social Context of an Ideology: Ambedkar's Political and Social thoughts.
- 9. A. Jalal, and S. Bose, (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 135-156.
- 10. A. Nandy, (2005) RashtravadbanamDeshbhakti Translated by A. Dubey, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan. pp. 23-33. (The original essay in English is from A. Nandy, (1994) New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-8.)

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# M.A HISTORY

# SEMESTER- Ⅲ

Paper Code - HIS 308

Open Elective 02 – Contemporary History of India (1947-1964)

Maximum Marks-100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

At the end of the course, students would Learn about the histories of India during the period between 1947 to 1964. Independence and Partition, Making of the Indian Constitution, The Problem of Kashmir, Integration of Princely State, Economic Planning, Socio-Economic Change: Caste, Community and Class. Foreign Policy, Growth of National Political Parties.

#### Unit - I

Independence and Partition; Rehabilitation of the Displaced People; Making of the Indian Constitution and its Characteristics; The Problem of Kashmir

# Unit - II

Integration of Princely States; Linguistic Reorganisation of States; Economic Planning

# Unit - III

Social Legislation: Hindu Code Bill its Corollary Acts; Law for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes; Socio-Economic Change: Caste, Community

and Class

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## Unit - IV

Foreign Policy: India and the Non-Aligned Movement; Indo-Pak Relations;

Sino-Indian Relations; India's Relations with U.S.A. and U.S.S.R.

Growth of National Political Parties; Politics at the National Level; Centre State Relations; Democratic Decentralization

# Suggested Readings:

- 1 Bolshevik, A. & Dyakov, A Contemporary History of India
- 2 Basu, D.D. Shorter Constitution of India
- 3 Bettleheim, Charles India Independent
- 4 Bose, Sumandra The Kashmir Problem
- 5 Brass, Paul R. The Politics of India since Independence
- 6 Bipan Chandra et al. Swatantrottar Bharat (Hindi)
- 7 Das, Manmath Nath Partition and Independence of India: Inside

Story of the Mountbatten Days

- 8 Desai, A.R. India's Path of Development
- 9 Engineer, A.A. Communal Roots in Post-Independent India
- 10 Gaur, Madan India: 40 Years after Independence
- 11 Hodson, H.N. The Great Divide
- 12 Jaisingh, Hari India and Non-Aligned World: Search for A New Order
- 13 Kothari, Rajni Democratic Policy and Socialist Change in India
- 14 Kothari, Rajni Caste in Indian Politics
- 15 Mathew, H. India: State and Society
- 16 Menon, V.P. Foreign Policy of India
- 17 Menon, V.P. Transfer of Power in India
- 18 Misra, A.B, Foreign Polity of India
- 19 Morris Jones, W.H. Government and Politics in India
- 20 Mukhopadhyay, A.P. (ed.) Society and Politics in Contemporary India
- 21 Nanda, J. Punjab Uprooted: A Survey of the Punjab Riots and the Rehabilitation Problems
- 22 Nehru, Jawaharlal India's Foreign Policy

mon

23 Pande, B.N. A Centenary History of the Indian National Congress, Vol. IV

24 Phillips, C.H. (ed.) The Partition of India: Policies and Perspectives 1935-1947

25 Rana, A.P. Imperatives of Non-Alignment

26 Rao, U. Bhaskar The Story of Rehabilitation

27 Santhanam, K. Union-State Relations in India

28 Satyamurti, T.V. India Since Independence

29 Srinivas, M.N. Caste in India and Other Essays

30 Srinivas, M.N. Social Change in India

31 Tandon, B.B. & Tandon, K.K. Indian Economy

32 Willet, Peter The Non-Aligned Movement : Origins of the Third World Alliance

33 Yadav, Rajbir Bharat Ki Videsh Niti (Hindi)

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# Seminar

(His. - 409)

Total Credits:01 Max.Marks:25 Ext. Marks:25

Int. Marks:00

In this paper the student will be required to present a research paper based upon the review of the research articles published in the national/ international journals related to the area of commerce. The topic will be selected by the student in consultation with the teacher/mentor allotted to him/her by the Chairperson/Head of department/ institution.

The evaluation of the seminar presentation shall be done by the department/Institution level committee constituted by the Chairperson/Head of department/institution.

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# **Self Study Paper**

(HIS-410)

Total Credits:01 Max.Marks:25 Ext. Marks:25

Int. Marks:00

The objective of this paper is to create habits of reading books and to develop writing skills in a manner of creativity and originality. In this course, the student shall require to submit hand written write-up on any issue/topic/theme pertaining to any discipline decided in consultation with the teacher/mentor allotted to him/her by the Chairperson/Head of department/institution. The structure of the paper will include the following:

- Introduction
- Main Body
- Conclusion

The thoughts presented in the paper must be original work of the students.

The evaluation of the write-up shall be done by the internal and external examiner collectively. The external shall be appointed from the approved panel of examiners. The evaluation will be done as given below:

- Evaluation of the paper 15 Marks
- Viva-voce on the paper 10
- Marks Total 25 Marks

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV

Paper Code - HIS-401

Paper- Political History of India (1858-1947)

Maximum Marks100
External Marks-80
Internal Assessment-20
Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

#### Unit-I

- Administrative Structure :
   A District Administration
- **B** Provincial Administration
- C Central Administration
- 2. Arms of the State:
- A Army
- B Law
- C Police
- D Civil Services

### Unit-II

- 1. Relations with Indian States:
- A Policy of Ring Fence
- **B** Policy of Subordinate Isolation

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- C Policy of Subordinate union
- 2. Afghan Policy
- A First Afghan War
- B Policy of Masterly Inactivity
- C IInd Afghan War

## Unit-III

- 1. Foreign Policy of Colonial State:
- A Compulsions
  - B Evolution
- 2. Foreign Affairs
- A N.W. Frontier Policy
- B Persia and Persian Gulf Policy
- C Tibet Policy

# **Unit-IV**

- 1. Indian Union and Princely States:
- A Problem
- B Integration with India
- 2. Independent India:
- A Visions of New India
- B India and the World Non-Alignment Movement

# Suggested Readings:

Smith B.: Life of Lord Lawrence, Vols.

Hunter W.W.: Earl of Mayo, 1876

Moulton, E.D.: Lord North brook's Indian Administration 1872-1876 Balfaur, E.: Lord Lytton's Administration, 1876-80,



an

London, 1899

Davies C.C.: Problem of North West Frontier

Gopal S.: The viceroyalty of Lord Ripon 1880-84, London, 1899

Dodwell H. (ed.): : Cambridge History of India Vol. VI, Cambridge, 1934 Majumdar, R.C. : The British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance Vol. IX, X Pt. I Bombay Dilks, David : Curzon in India 3 Vol.

Lover, Frazer: : India under Curzon and Afghan

S. Chakravarty: From Khyber to Oxus

A.C. Banerji: The Conquest of Burma

Ravinder Kumar: India and the Persian Gulf Region

BisheshwarPrasad : Bondage and Freedom Vol. 2

": The Foundations of India's Foreign Policy, 1860-1882

Edward Thampson and

Garrett G.T.

: The Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India, London, 1934

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV

Paper Code - HIS-402

Paper- Indian National Movement (1920-1947)

Maximum Marks100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

#### Unit-I

- 1. Emergence of Mass Movements:
- A Rise of Gandhi and Non-Cooperation khilafat Movement
- B Swarajists-Programmes and Impact
- 2. Civil Disobedience Movement:
- A Aims, Social Composition and Impact
- B British Response Communal Award, Round table conference
- C Government of India Act 1935

#### Unit-II

- 1. The Last Phase of Revolutionary Movement:
- A Formation of H.R.A.-H.S.R.A.
- **B** Aims and Activities
- C Impact on National Movement
- 2. Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement:
- A Congress Socialist Party
- B Forward Bloc-I.N.A.

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# Unit-III

# 1. Quit Indian Movement :

- A Background
- **B** Activities
- C Impact

# 2. States People's Conference:

- A Emergence
- B Praja Mandal Movement in Various Indian States

# **Unit-IV**

# 1. Communalism at its Zenith:

- A Demand for Pakistan
- B Growth of Muslim League
- C Partition of India
- 2. British Response-Transfer of Power
- A Cripps Mission 1942
- B Cabinet Mission- 1946
- C MountBatten Plan 1947

# Suggested Readings:

Singh, I.P.: The Left Wing in India

Bhuyan, Arun : The Quit India Movement

Pradhan, G. : India's Struggle for Swaraj, Madras, 1924

Gopal, S. : Jawahar Lal Nehru Vol. I-3, Delhi, 1975, 1979

Ravinder Kumar: Essays in Gandhian Politics: The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919,

London 1971

Chandra Bipan and others: Communalism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1987 Brown,

Judith : Gandhi's Rise to Power : Indian Politics 1915-1922, Cambridge, 1972 Minault,

Gail:: Khilafat Movement: The Religious symbolism and Political Mobilization in India,

1 Mars

New York, 1982

Dhankhar, JaiveerS.: A Short History of Hindustan Socialist Republic an Association, Delhi, 2001

Raghuvanshi, V.P.S.: Indian National Movement and the Constitutional Dev. Seal, Anil: The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968 Mahrotra, S.R.: The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971 Tripathi, A.: The Extremist Challenge: India between 890-1910., Calcutta, 1971 Argov, Daniel: Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1949 Tara Chand: History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV (4 Vols.), Delhi, 1961 Majumdar, R.C.: History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63 Dutt, R.P.: India Today, Bombay, 1949 Mujeeb, M.: Indian Muslims

Sarkar, S.: Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, New Delhi, 1973

" : Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N.: India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964

Singh, Pardaman: Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910.

Dhankhar, JaivieerS. : Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000

Wolpert, Stanley: Tilak and Gokhe, Calcutta, 1962

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV

Paper Code - HIS-403

Paper- Society and Culture of India (1858-1947)

Maximum Marks100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

# Unit-I

- 1. New Classes:
- A Rise of New Classes
- B Role of Middle Class in Modernization
- 2. Tradition and Modernity
- A Concept
- **B** Process

# Unit-II

- 1. Indian Cultural Renaissance:
- A Causes and Nature
- B Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj
- 2. Legacy of Cultural Renaissance:
- A Ramakrishna Mission

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# **B** Theosophical Societies

# Unit-III

#### 1. Revivalist Movements:

- A Wahabi Movement
- B Arya Samaj Movement

# 2. Aligarh Movement

- A Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement
- B Role in Education
- C Impact on Indian Muslims

#### **Unit-IV**

## 1. Depressed Class Movement

- A Its Rise and Growth
- B Problem of Untouchability
- C Factors for its Amelioration
- 2. British Rule and Indian Society
- A Impact
- B Continuity and change

# Suggested Readings:

Baird, Robert (ed.): Religion in India, Delhi, 1981

De, Barun: Presidential Address to the Indian History Congress,

Dharwad Session, 1988

Jones, Kenneth W.: Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, The New

Cambridge History of India, Cambridge University Press, New York, 1994

": Arya Dhaarm, Berkeley, 1976

Niranjana-Tejaswini, P.: Interrogating Modernity: Culture

and Sudhir & Vivek Dhareshwar (eds.): Colonialism in India

Rao, M.S.A. (ed.): Social Movements and Transformation, Delhi,

to Mul

1979 Stiniwas, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India

Unnithan, T.K.N, Indra Deva

Yogendra Singh (eds.)

: Towards a Sociology of Culture in India

Ranade, M.G.: Religion and Social Reforms, Collection of Essays and

Speeches Misra, B.B.: The Indian Middle Class, Delhi, 1978

Heimsath, Charles: Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform, Princeton,

1964 Leach and Mukherjee : Elites in South Asia

Ahmed, A.F.S.: Social Ideas and Social Change in Bengal, 1818-1835, Leiden, 1965

Jain, M.S.: The Aligarh Movement, Agra, 1965

Ahmed, Q.: The Wahhabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966

Rai, Lala Lajpat: A History of the Arya Samaj

Majumdar, B.B.: History of Indian Social and Political Ideas

Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay,

1981 Sinha, P.: Social Change in NK Singh (ed.) History of Bengal

Sarkar, S.: Ram Mohan Roy and the Break with the Past(ed) V.C. Joshi

Payloy, V.L.: Indian Middle Class: Its Origin and Development

Smith, W.C.: Modern Islam in India, London, 1943

Sriniwas, M.N.: "A note on Sanskritization and Westernisation" Caste in Modern India and other Essays

Narain, V.A.: Social History of Modern India, Patna, 1968

O' Malley, L.S.S.: Modern Indian and the West, London, 1941

Das, M.N., Chopra, P.N. and

Puri, B.N.

: Social and Economic History of India, Vol. III

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV

Paper Code - HIS-404

Paper- Economic History of India (1858-1947)

Maximum Marks100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

#### Unit-I

- 1. Foreign trade in colonial India with reference to
- A Mercantilism
- B Industrial capitalism
- C Finance capitalism
- 2. Price Movements
- 3. Tariff Policy

#### Unit-II

- 1. Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India
- 2. Industries in colonial India:
- A Select industries like: Cotton textiles, Jute, iron and steel
- B Industrial policy in colonial India
- 3. Artisans and small-scale industry, especially handlooms

## Unit-III

- 1. Theory about the Drain of wealth
- 2. Tax Structure, Public Expenditure and Government Revenues under the

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Crown, especially as per Act(s) of 1919 & 1935

Banking system

# Unit-IV

- 1. Environment, Forests and the Colonial State
- 2. Labour and the trade union movement
- 3. Consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy

# Suggested Readings:

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: : Presidency Banks and the Indian Economy, 1876-1914 (Calcutta, 1989

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: : Private investment in India, 1990-1939 New Delhi : 1972-1979

Bhattacharya, Dhires: A Concise History of Indian Economy: From the Mid-Eighteenth to the

Present Century, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India, 1989 Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi

: Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihas, New Delhi and Patna :Rajkamal Prakashan, 1990 Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi & Jan

Lucassen: Workers in the Informal Sector: Studies in Labour History, New Delhi: Macmillan India, 2005 Chandavarkar, Rajnarayan: Imperial Power and Popular Politics: Class, Resistance and the State in India, 1850-1950, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998

Chaudhari, K.N.: "Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments (1757-1947)," in Dharma Kumar (ed.) (1983), Cambridge Economic of India Volume II, 1983

Davey, Brian: The Economic Development of India Nottingham: Spokesman Books, 1975

Gadgi, D.R.: The Industrial Evolution of India in recent Times, 1860-1939 (Delhi : Oxford University Press, Fifth ed. 1973 Habib Irfan (Revised edn.) :

Indian Economy 1858-1914, New Delhi ;Tulika Books, 2006

Hossain, Hameeda: The Company Weavers of Bengal: The East India Company and

the Organization of Textile Production in Bengal, 1750-1813 Calcutta,

Oxford University Press, 1988

Kumar, Dharma (ed.): The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume

2: c . 1757- c. 1970, Hyderabad : Orient Longman, 1984



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Mishra, Girish: Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthikltihaas, New Delhi: Granth Shilpi, 2004 Ray, Rajat K.: Industrialization in India: Growth and Conflict in the

Private Corporate Sector, 1914-47, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1979

Roy, Tirthankar: Traditional Industry in the Economy of Colonial India, Cambridge

; Cambridge University Press, 1999 Apart from handlooms, this book

deals with Gold Thread, brassware, leather and carpets also.

Roy, Tirthankar: The Economic History of India, 1857-1947 Second Edition,

New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2006

Singh, V.B. (ed.): Economic History of India, 1857-1956 New Delhi; Allied Publishers,

1975 Tomlinson, B.R. (Indian edition)

: The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970 The New Cambridge

History of India III, 3, New Delhi : Foundation Books, 1998

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## M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV Paper Code – HIS-405

Research Methodology & Historical Investigation (DCEC 1)

Maximum Marks100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks

#### Unit-l

Research Methodology – a brief introduction, objectivity, causation,

generalization

Unit-II

Historical Investigation of Sources: archaeological and archival sources, primary sources and secondary sources, critical analysis of sources, how to read a historical book

#### Unit-III

Selection of theme, hypothesis, methods of data collection, arrangement of bibliography, footnotes/references, glossary & appendix.

#### **Unit-IV**

Making of Research Proposal; review of literature according to selected theme; Book Reviews: Urban Decay in India by R.S. Sharma, Economic History of Early Medieval Northern India by G.C.Chauhan, The Agrarian System of Mughal India:1556-1707 by Irfan

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Habib, Studies in Medieval Indian History and Culture by K.A. Nizami, From Lineage to State by Romila Thapar, The Economic History of India Under Early British Rule Vol-I by R.C. Dutta, History of Freedom Movement in India by Tara Chand, The Emergence of Indian Nationalism by Anil Seal

## Suggested Readings:

- 1. Alvesson, Mats, Postmodernism and Social Research, 2002.
- 2. Bentley, Michael, Companion to Historiography, 1997.
- 3. Bloch, Marc, Itihaskar Ka Shilp, 2000.
- 4. Canon, John (ed.), The Historians at Work (George Allen & Unwin, London, 1980. 5. Carr, E.H., What is History, Macmillan, London, 1964.
- 6. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, 2004. 7. Gardiner, Patrick (ed.), Theories of History, New York, 1969.
- 8. Hobsbawm, Eric J., Itihaskar Ki Chinta, 2003.
- 9. Hughes-Warrington-Marine, Fifty Great Thinkers on History, 2004. 10. Lambert, Peter and Phillip, Making History: An Introduction to the Practices of a Discipline, 2004.
  - 11. Marwick, Arthur, The Nature of History, Macmillan, London, 1970. 12. Sheikh Ali,
  - B., History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan, Madras, 1978. 13. Sreedharan, E., A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000, Orient Longman, Delhi, 2000.
  - 14. Stone, Lawrence, The Past and the Present, 1987.
  - 15. Verma, LalBahadur, ItihasKe Bare Mein, 1984.

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## M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV Paper Code – HIS-406

Paper:Local History Project (DECE 2)

Maximum Marks100

This will be a local history project in which every student will undertake a project work of 2 credits of his own choice in consultation with concerned faculty members and submit it for evaluation.

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# M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV Paper Code – HIS-407

Paper- Socio-Economic Transformation(DCEC1)

Maximum Marks100 External Marks-80 Internal Assessment-20 Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks.

#### Unit-I

Social History of India: Sources and Approaches; Social Legilation and Social Reforms; Growth of Modern Education; Socio-Religious Movement in Modern India; Brahmo-Samaj; Arya Samaj; Ram Krishna Mission; Aligarh Movement; Singh Sabha Movement.

#### Unit-II

Protest Movement in Modern India: Shree Narayan Dharma Movement, Satyashadhak Samaj, Self Respect Movement; B.R.Ambedkar and the Depressed class Movement, Changing Position of the Women.

#### Unit-III

Sources of Modern Indian Economic History; Problem and Issues of Indian Economic History; Agrarian Settlement and the Land Revenue Administration, Commercialization of Agriculture, Change in Land Relations and Problems of Rural Indebtness.

#### Unit-IV

Rise of Capitalism: Flow of Foreign Capital and its impact; Decline of Handicraft Industry; Introduction of Railways and its Economic effects; Rise of Modern Industries: Cotton Textile, Jute, Iron and Steel; Drain of Wealth: Genesis, Nature and Impacts.

#### Suggested Readings:

Bhattacharya, S - Adhunik Bharat ka Arthik Itihas.

Buchanan, D.H. - The Development of Capitalist Enterprise in India.

Chatterji, Basudeb - Trade Tariff and Empire.

Chand, Tara - History of the Freedom Movement in India.

Desai. A.R. - Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Dorajswami, S.V. - Indian Finance, Currency and Banking.

Dutta, K.K. - Social History of Modern India.

Dutt, R.C. - Economic History of India.

Heimsath, Charles - Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reforms.

Jain, M.S. - The Aligarh Movement.

Jones, K.W. - Social-Religious Reform Movement in British India.

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Majumdar, R.C. - The History and Culture of Indian People.
Mittal, S.C. - India Distorted.
Mittal, S.C. - Bharat ka samajik arthi itihas 1758-1947.
Naoroji, Dadabhai - Poverty and Unbritish rule in India.
Roy, Tirthankar - The Economic History of India 1857-1947.
Vivekanand, Swami - The complete Works of Swami Vivekananda.

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## M.A HISTORY SEMESTER- IV Paper Code – HIS - 408

Modernity and India (DCEC 2)

Maximum Marks100

External Marks-80

Internal Assessment-20

Max. Time - 3 hrs.

Note: There shall be nine questions to all. Question No. 1 shall be compulsory, consisting of eight answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. Two questions will be asked from each unit. Students will have to attempt one question from each unit. Each question shall carry equal marks

Course objective: Based on the study of individual thinkers, the course introduces a wide span of thinkers and themes that defines the modernity of Indian political thought. The objective is to study general themes that have been produced by thinkers from varied social and temporal contexts.

Unit I:

Introduction to Modern Indian Political Thought

Rammohan Roy: Rights

PanditaRamabai: Gender

Unit II:

Vivekananda: Ideal Society

Gandhi: Swaraj

Ambedkar: Social Justice

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Unit III:

Tagore: Critique of Nationalism

Iqbal: Community

Savarkar: Hindutva

Unit IV:

Nehru: Secularism

Lohia: Socialism

### Suggested Readings:

V. Mehta and T. Pantham (eds.), (2006) 'A Thematic Introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization' Vol. 10, Part: 7, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. xxvii-ixi.

D. Dalton, (1982) 'Continuity of Innovation', in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi, Academic Press: Gurgaon, pp. 1-28.

R. Roy, (1991) 'The Precepts of Jesus, the Guide to Peace and Happiness', S. Hay, (ed.) Sources of Indian Traditio, Vol. 2. Second Edition. New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 24-29.

C. Bayly, (2010) 'Rammohan and the Advent of Constitutional Liberalism in India 1800-1830', in Sh. Kapila (ed.), An intellectual History for India, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 18-34. T. Pantham, (1986) 'The Socio-Religious Thought of Rammohan Roy', in Th. Phantom and K. Deutsch, (eds.) Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi: Sage, pp.32-52. S. Sarkar, (1985) 'Rammohan Roy and the break With the Past', in A Critique on colonial India, Calcutta: Papyrus, pp. 1-17.

P. Ramabai, (2000) 'Woman's Place in Religion and Society', in M. Kosambi (ed.),
PanditaRamabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works, New Delhi: Oxford University Press,
pp. 150-155. M. Kosambi, (1988) 'Women's Emancipation and Equality: PanditaRamabai's
Contribution to Women's Cause', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 23(44), pp. 38-49.

U. Chakravarti, (2007) PanditaRamabai - A Life and a Time, New Delhi: Critical Quest, pp. 1-40.

G. Omvedt, (2008) 'Ramabai: Women in the Kingdom of God', in Seeking Begumpura: The Social Vision of Anti Caste Intellectuals, New Delhi: Navayana, pp. 205-224.

S. Vivekananda, (2007) 'The Real and the Apparent Man', S. Bodhasarananda (ed.), Selections from

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the Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda, Kolkata: Advaita Ashrama, pp. 126-129. A. Sen, (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda on History and Society', in Swami Vivekananda, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 62-79

H. Rustav, (1998) 'Swami Vivekananda and the Ideal Society', in W. Radice (ed.), Swami Vivekananda and the Modernisation of Hinduism, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 264-280. Raghuramaraju, (2007) 'Swami and Mahatma, Paradigms: State and Civil Society', in Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 29-65. M. Gandhi, (1991) 'Satyagraha: Transforming Unjust Relationships through the Power of the Soul', in S. Hay (ed.), Sources of Indian Tradition, Vol. 2.Second Edition, New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 265-270. A. Parel, (ed.), (2002) 'Introduction', in Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule, Delhi: Vistaar Publication.

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## Seminar

(His. - 409)

Total Credits :01 Max.Marks:25 Ext. Marks :00

Int. Marks:25

In this paper the student will be required to present a research paper based upon the review of the research articles published in the national/ international journals related to the area of commerce. The topic will be selected by the student in consultation with the teacher/mentor allotted to him/her by the Chairperson/Head of department/ institution.

The evaluation of the seminar presentation shall be done by the department/Institution level committee constituted by the Chairperson/Head of department/institution.

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## Self Study Paper

(HIS-410)

Total Credits :01 Max.Marks:25 Ext. Marks :25

Int. Marks:00

The objective of this paper is to create habits of reading books and to develop writing skills in a manner of creativity and originality. In this course, the student shall require to submit hand written write-up on any issue/topic/theme pertaining to any discipline decided in consultation with the teacher/mentor allotted to him/her by the Chairperson/Head of department/ institution. The structure of the paper will include the following:

- Introduction
- Main Body
- Conclusion

The thoughts presented in the paper must be original work of the students.

The evaluation of the write-up shall be done by the internal and external examiner collectively. The external shall be appointed from the approved panel of examiners. The evaluation will be done as given below:

- Evaluation of the paper 15 Marks
- Viva-voce on the paper 10 Marks Total 25 Marks

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